FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

[VOL. XLII.] FAYETTEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, DECEMBER 12, 1859. [NO. 2219.]

LIST OF PREMIUMS

AWARDED AT THE

Fair of the Sampson County Agricultural Society.

CLINTON, N. C., Dec. 2, 1859.

AGRICULTURE.

For 5 acres of upland corn and largest crop, 277½ bus., Everett Peterson $20
1 acre of upland corn and largest crop, 77½ bus., Everett Peterson 5
1 acre upland corn, second largest crop, 68¼ bus., J C Faison 2 50
5 acres lowland corn and largest crop, 417½ bus., D D Underwood 20
5 acres lowland corn and second largest crop, 362½ bus., J R Beaman 10
5 acres lowland corn and third largest crop, 362½ bus., A N Mathis dip
1 acre lowland corn and largest crop, 86 bus., D D Underwood 5
5 acres wheat and largest crop, 79½ bus., Robert Peterson 20
1 acre wheat and largest crop, 34 bus. 6 quarts, Stephen Peterson 5

SAMPLE CROPS.

Best corn for bread, Alworth King 1
2d best do do, R Bell cts 50
3d " do do, Wm Bryant dip
Best do stock, R C Holmes 1
2d best do do, D D Underwood 50
3d " do do, Everett Peterson dip
Best wheat, Ollen Williamson 1
2d best do, James Oates 50
3d " do, W A Faison dip
Best rye, Murdoch White 1
2d best do, R C Holmes 50
3d " do, R F Boykin dip
Best peas, Murdoch White 1
2d best do, R C Holmes 50
3d " do, Alworth King dip
Best Rice, prem. divided, R C Holmes, Thos Bunting, Thos Ashford 1
2d best rice, A Holmes 50
3d " do, M J Faison dip
Best sweet potatoes, W P Hobbs 1
2d best do Jas C Faison 50
3d " do Murdoch White dip
Best Irish potatoes, Alfred Johnson 1
2d best do R C Holmes 50
Best bale cotton, Thos Bunting 2

SINGLE SPECIMENS.

Largest beet, Thos Bunting cts 25
" turnip, H A Bizzell 25
" sweet potatoe, W P Hobbs 25
" Irish do Alfred Johnson 25
" pumpkin, Stephen Peterson 25

CATTLE.

Best Devon bull, 3 years old, Wm A Faison $5
" " heifer, 18 mos. old, do 2
" " do 12 " do 2
" " do 2½ years old, do 2
" " Bull, 4 yrs. old, Wm Boykin 5
" pair half-Devon calves, 8 mos old, Wm Boykin 2
" native calf, 12 mos. old, Robert Peterson 2
" grade heifer, 2 yrs. old, Everett Peterson 2
" Durham bull, 14 mos. old, Frank J Faison 2
" half-Durham cow, 6 yrs. old, do 2
" Durham cow and twin calves, E F Shaw 2
" Devon bull, 16 mos. old, E L Faison 2
" Durham heifer, 13 mos. old, A Holmes 2
" " bull, 13 mos. old, Geo W Hobbs 2
" " do, 2½ yrs. old, J L Boykin 2
" " do, 17 mos. old, Geo R Williams 2
" native cow and calf, Curtis Thomson 2
" Durham bull, 1 yr. old, Patrick Murphy 2
" Devon calf, 9 mos. old, L C Hubbard 2
" lot of grade cattle, 6 in number, E L Faison 4
" 3 native heifers, M J Faison 3
" lot of cattle, 10 in number, Jas H Stevens 4
" native bull, 17 mos. old, Lewis J Bradshaw 2
" do, 2 yrs. old, Julian P Faison 2

WORK OXEN AND FAT CATTLE.

Best 8 fat steers, Wm Ashford $8
" 3 do, J F Moulton 5
" 2 do, Alworth King 2 50
" 1 do, E F Shaw 2
" yoke of oxen, Wm Ashford 5
2d best do, Thos Ashford 2 50
3d " do, Owen Morisey dip

MILCH COWS.

Best milch cow, R A Mosely 5
2d best do, J R Beaman 3
3d " do, Thos Bunting dip

FIRST-CLASS HORSES.

Best stallion over 4 yrs. old, M J Faison & Bros $15
2d best do " " W W Ingraham 7 50
Best horse colt, 3 " T W & R W Devane 5
2d best do 3 " J R Ezzell 2 50
Best do 2 " Wm Boykin 2
2d best do 2 " H H Cobb 1
Best do 1 " John Ashford 2
2d best do 1 " Abram Boykin 1
Best mare under 10 and over 4 yrs., E L Faison 7 50
2d best do, " " " R D Mosely 3 75
Best filly, 3 yrs. old, J Edwards 5
2d " do, 3 " T Devane 2 50
Best do, 2 " Jacob Newman 2
2d " do, 2 " W C Draughon 1
Best do, 1 " Isaac C Wright 2
2d " do, 1 " J B Sutton 1
Best brood mare and colt under 16 yrs., B Matthis 15
2 best do do " Thos Ashford 7 50

SECOND-CLASS HORSES (N. C. RAISED.)

Best pair match horses, Cooper Huggins 5
2d best do, Patrick Murphy 2 50
3d " do, R C Holmes dip
Best single harness horse, E F Shaw 2
2d best do, Curtis Thomson 1
3d " do, Everett Peterson dip
Best saddle horse, John Ashford 2
2d best do, E F Shaw 1
3d " do, Jas Tatum dip
Best heavy draught horse, Gab'l Holmes 2
" trotting horse, time 3m. 41s., John Barden 5
" pacing do, Chas W Ezzell 5

JACKS, JENNETS AND MULES.

Best single mule, 2 yrs. old, Owen Morisey 3
" pair mules, 6 yrs. old, T F Morris 5
2d best do, P Murphy 2 50
Best team mules, L A Powell 6
" mule colts 1 yr. old, Curtis Thomson 2
" jack, Lot Owen 3
2d best do, P Murphy 1 50

SHEEP.

Best buck ewe and lamb, Robert Peterson 2
" South-down buck, W A Faison 1
" " ewe, do 1
" pen of fat sheep, Julian P Faison 2

SWINE.

Best boar (Essex,) M J Faison 5
" breeding sow (Essex,) W A Faison 3
" do with pigs (Essex,) T M Lee 3
" lot of shoats, " M J Faison 2
" native boar, over 2 yrs. old, Everett Peterson 5
" " breeding sow, with pigs, Hardy Bennett 4
" " do. Everett Peterson 3
" lot Shoats, do 2
Largest Fat Hog, do 10
2d " " Haywood Boykin 8
3d " " John L Boykin 6
4th " " Owen Herring 4
Best lot of Pork Hogs, Everett Peterson 5
2d " " R C Holmes 5

POULTRY.

Best pair Shanghai Chickens, G W Hobbs 1
" " Brahma do James Vann, Jr 1
" " Bantam do Stephen Peterson 1
" " Hairy do do 1
" coop Shanghai do T Boykin 1
" native Geese, Wright Goodrick 1
" Muscovy Ducks, Mrs I W Lane 1
" English do G W Grice 1
" Turkeys, J B Cox 1
" and largest assortm't Poultry, Stephen Peterson 5
" pair Half Breeds, Hardy Royal 1
" " Game Chickens, Thomas Bunting 1
" " Poland Geese, W A Faison 1
" " Bremen do do 1

PORK AND BACON.

Best lot Bacon Hams, Joseph A Darden $2
" " " " 2 years old, James Oates 2
" " " Sides, Robert Peterson 2

DAIRY.

Best specimen of Butter, Isaac C Wright $1

FRUITS.

Best variety of Table Apples, 12 kinds, H A Bizzell $1
" lot of Pears, 10 kinds, do do 1
" lot of Peaches, Robert Peterson 1
" Melons, A Holmes 25c
" Grapes, John R Beaman 25c
Greatest variety of Fruit Trees, Vines, &c. H A Bizzell 5
Best Strawberry Wine, Isaac C Wright 50c
" Muscadine do, W E & J E Barden 50c
" Common grape do, Mrs W Johnson (Premium divided) " J L Boykin 25c
2d best common grape Wine, Mrs Sarah Faison 25c
Best Scuppernong do, Thos Bunting 50c
2d best do do, W E & J E Barden 25c
Best Blackberry do, Miss D Ashford 50c
" Tomato do, " J B Kelly 50c

HORTICULTURE.

Best lot Beets, Thos Bunting 50c
2d best lot do, W H Holmes 25c
Best lot Squashes, Edward E Johnson 50c
2d best lot do, R C Holmes 25c
Best lot Colewarts, John W Brown 25c
Tallest do, R R Bell 25c
Largest variety of Garden seeds, 30 kinds, Mrs J Hawley 1
2d largest variety of garden do, 25 kinds, J B Lane 50c
Best lot Hominy Beans, Jas H Stevens 25c
" Butter do, Thos N Clarkson 25c

MANUFACTURES IN WOOD AND IRON.

Best single horse Buggy, A A McKethan $3
2d best do do, B R Hood 2 50
Best double or single Horse Buggy, T & A Turner 5
" Plow and Plow Press, B R Hood, 7
" do, by Slave Dick, do do 1
" Washing Machine, (N C) John Sholar 1
" lot Trays, Butter Bowls, &c., W A Faison 25c
" " Wood Buckets, (N C) Hubbard, Mosely & Co 50c
" 2 horse Wagon, T F Morris 3
" Dump Cart, J B Lane 2
" Cotton Seed Planter, (not N C made,) E C Winchester dip
" Truss Hoops, Wright Goodrick 50c
" lot N C tan'd leather, J R Baman 3
" basket, (by slave,) W H Faison 25
" door, window-frame and sash, Lewis Johnson 5
" Bedstead, A W Newman 1
" ox-yoke, do 25
" steel trap, do 25
" flutter-wheel and trunk for water-mill 4
" weaver's shuttles, J B Lane dip

BEES.

Best gallon of honey, Mrs R Peterson 1
" jar do comb, Mrs J Ashford 1
2d best jar do do " W H Faison 50
Clarified honey, " C Hines 50

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Best jar of leaf lard, Mrs A Holmes 1
" box hard soap, " G Gibbs 1
" tallow candles, " Wm Ashford 1
" loaf light bread, " W A Faison 1
" " corn do, " R A Moseley 1
" silver loaf cake, " A Johnson 1
" " do, " do do 1
" sponge do, Miss Susan Lee 1
" pound do, Mrs A Johnson 1
" jelly do, Miss Maria Faison 1
" dried apples, " S N Williamson 1
" " figs, (Sampson Co,) Mrs J H Stevens 1
Largest collection jelly, catsup, &c., Mrs T M Lee 2
Superior specimen preserved citron, Mrs E J Beatty 50
" " " pears, Mrs S W Faison 50
" " " peaches, Mrs W Johnson 50
" " " glass melon, Mrs T Herring 50
" " " tomatoes, Mrs M A Faison 50
" " " quince, Mrs W Johnson 50
" " pickles, Mrs R A Moseley 50
" " catsup, " T M Lee 50
" " sweet pickles, Mrs E J Beatty 50
" " brandy peaches, " Isabella Ashford 50
" " jelly, " L C Graves 50
" " scuppernong cordial, Mrs M Faison 50
" " wortleberry cordial, " P Murphy 50
Best half bbl flour, (Sampson co,) John T Moulton 2

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE.

Best counterpane, Mrs S Faison 1
2d best do, " S J Bradshaw 50
3d " do, " S A Bryant dip
Best coverlets, " J C Wright 1
2d best do, " W Ashford 50
3d " do, " W H Vann dip
Best cotten hose, Miss E Martin 50
" " ½ do, Mrs Wm Herring 25
" pr wool socks, " W H Faison 50
2d best pr wool socks, Miss M J Oates 25
Best cotton jeans, Mrs R F Boykin 1
" negro cloth, " R Peterson 1
" hearth rug, " R F Boykin 1
" wool jeans, " J L Boykin 1
2d best wool jeans, J A Darden 50
3d " " do Mrs W Ashford " dip

N. C. MANUFACTURES.

Best bales osnaburgs, Hubbard, Moseley & Co 2
" sheetings, Mrs M J Lane 2
" bale cotton yarn, Hubbard, Moseley & Co 1
" plow lines, Stephen Peterson 25
" piece carpeting, Mrs R F Boykin 1

PATCH WORK, EMBROIDERY, & WORSTED WORK.

Best quilt, Mrs W H Holmes 1
2d best quilt, " F J Faison 50
3d " do, " C Hines dip
Best toilet, Miss Fannie Carman 1
" hearth rug, Mrs J H Hawley 1
" child's dress, Mrs A T Stanford 1
2d best " do, Miss D Ashford 50
3d " " do, " S A Hobbs dip
Best pr undersleeves, Miss M J Oats 1
" cap, " Eliza Fryer 1
" collars, Mrs John Vann 1
2d best collar, Miss M J Oats 50
Best sacque, " E C Boykin 1
2d best do, " A Lee 50
3d " do, " M C Carr dip
Best handkerchief, Mrs Blanks 1
" skirt, Miss Ann Thomson 1
2d best do, " D Ashford 50
Best slippers, " Nannie Hatchel 1
2d best do, " Anna Rey 50
3d " do, Mrs C Campbell dip
Best chair cover, Miss Nannie Hatchell 1
2d best chair cover, Mrs McL McKay 50
Best child's cloak, " do do 1
" " bonnet, Miss Anna H Carr 50
" pr emb pantelets, " Jane Fryer 1
" emb flannel skirt, " E Cook 1
2d best emb flannel skirt " M C Carr 50
Best " band and sleeves, Mrs J H Hawley 1
" " shirt, Miss D Ashford 1
" " shirt bosom, " M J Oats 50
" worsted undersleeves, " Lizzie Gleason 1
" " cap, " Lizzie Lee 1
" candle mat, Mrs J H Hawley 50
2d best candle mat, Miss Lizzie Lee 25
3d " " do, Mrs J H Hawley dip
Best basket, Miss Lizzie Gleason 1
" cushion, " Jane Fryer 25
" watch case, Mrs J H Hawley 25
" tape collar, Miss E Cook 1
" pillow slips, " Mrs J H Hawley 1

FINE ARTS.

Best landscape painting, Miss Ann Rhodes 1
2d best " do, " do do 50
Best figure do, " Kate Micks 1
2d best " do, " Minnie Bunting 50
Best head do, " Clara Micks 1
2d best head do, " Ann Rhodes 50
Best water colors, Mrs L C Graves 1
" pastel, " do do 1
" oriental painting " Sarah Faison 1

DRAWINGS.

Best head Miss Julia B Robinson 1
" landscapes, " do do 1
2d best " " do do 50

BEST CULTIVATED FARM.

Premium to be divided equally between Thomas Ashford and Luke A Powell $25

EXPERIMENTS AND ESSAYS.

Best essay on line, Dr H A Bizzell 3

DISCRETIONARY PREMIUMS.

1 piece home made cloth, John R Smith 1
1 pr gloves, Mrs R F Boykin 25
1 sample of whortleberry brandy, Miss S Rhodes 50
1 basket, by slave Harry, W H Faison 25
1 hickory bed cord, by slave Ben, E F Shaw 1
1 colt 8 months old, Everett Peterson 1
1 sample fine tobacco, T F Morris 1
1 powder horn, N H Murphy 1
1 sample old apple brandy, N H Murphy 1
1 " new " do, do do 1
1 Cicilian cow horn, Thos M Micks 50
1 sample peach brandy, W E & J E Barden 1
1 " corn whiskey do do do 50
1 " rye do, do do do 50
1 " scuppronong cordial, Mrs A A McCoy 50
1 marine view, Miss Kate Micks 1
1 single Ox, Hardy Bennett 2
1 " do, Wm Boykin 1
1 sample stocking yarn, Mrs R F Boykin 25
1 crotchet tidy, Miss L A Cole 50
1 emery cushion, " Lizzie Gleason 25
1 boy's suit, cut and made at home, Mrs J H Hawley 1
1 pr grade pigs, Robert Peterson 1
3 pigs 5 mos old, W H Faison 1
3 do 4 " " Owen Morisey 1
1 pr Chester and Hampshire pigs, C T Murphy 1
1 pr Berkshire pigs 5½ mos old, W A Faison 1
1 very fine sample of cotton, Robert Bell 25
1 tub, Wright Goodrick 50
Artificial flowers, Mrs James Huske 1
3 sows and 30 pigs, R C Holmes 2
1 boar, S R Ireland 2 50
1 half Essex boar, E L Faison 2 50

J. W. EAGER, Sec'y Pro tem.

Dec. 7 73-1t

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

THURSDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 8, 1859.

THE STATE OF THE COUNTRY.—Our duty to the public requires that we publish such information in regard to the late event at Charlestown, and to the manner of its reception in the Northern States and cities, as will show the actual condition of the country under the most amazing strife that has grown out of a question with which the North has properly nothing to do. We feel but little disposition to remark upon the facts thus presented, further than to say, that it may be within the providence of the Author of all good to stay the hands now apparently on the eve of a fratricidal contest; but to human vision the prospect is darker than it has ever seemed before. If there be indeed at the North, as there are some indications, a power superior to that which tolls bells, and fires guns, and utters blasphemous prayers, over John Brown, it is high time that it should show itself, not alone in empty words, but in vigorous action. It was never more needed than now. It was apparently never less active than now.

A SENSIBLE SUGGESTION.—A respected friend who has long resided in a sister town, makes the following judicious and timely recommendation:

EDITORS OF THE OBSERVER:—In the present alarming condition of National affairs, it is, I think, the duty of every one possessed of patriotic impulses, however humble may be his station, to do whatever lies in his power to avert if possible, the calamity now impending, namely: a dissolution of the Union.

It has occurred to me that some good might be effected with the considerate portion of the Northern people, if the natives of the North, residents of the Southern States, were to hold meetings in all the cities and towns of the South, or what would be still better perhaps, Conventions in all the Southern States, and send out words of remonstrance and warning to their Northern friends concerning the perilous course they are pursuing. I cannot but think such remonstrances and warnings would be heeded.

A NORTHERN BORN MAN.

JAMES BANKS, ESQ.—Our friend Mr. Banks left here this morning, with his family, for Lake City, Florida, where he will hereafter make his home. He has been tempted to leave a growing practice in his Profession here by the offer of the larger practice of Judge Baker, recently elevated to the Bench. Mr. Banks has made a name here: we hope he will make a fortune in Florida. The readers of the Observer have often been favored with the results of his inquiring habits of mind, and we hope he will not allow his pen to be idle in his new home. Parting from him with great regret, we adopt the language of a high judicial officer, in a recent letter to ourselves:—

"I regret to lose our friend Banks from the State—he will carry my best wishes for his prosperity and happiness wherever he may go. He has a generous heart and a noble soul, and any country may be proud to receive him as one of its citizens."

THE FAYETTEVILLE HOTEL.—The proprietor informs us that during the last two months there have been nearly *one thousand* arrivals at this Hotel. This would seem to indicate that Fayetteville is not altogether cut off from the rest of the world by want of railroad connections.

STAGE LINES.—The Wilmington Journal compliments Messrs. Holmes & Robinson's line of stages between Warsaw and Fayetteville, as being well managed, with new and handsome coaches, and good teams.

The same may with equal truth be said of both the other lines from this place, Messrs. Barbee's line to Raleigh and Col. Robards's to High Point. And a degree of speed and regularity in arrivals has been uniformly preserved to which we had been strangers for years. The Northern mails by Warsaw and Raleigh now arrive before day-light, and are always ready for delivery to the earliest eater of breakfast. The effect upon the business of the town, and still more upon the temper of its people, is admirable.

THE FIRST SNOW.—A warm day yesterday was followed by rain and snow last night. This morning is brilliant and cool.

MEETINGS IN VIRGINIA.—Virginia appears to be thoroughly aroused. The papers are filled with proceedings of meetings looking to the formation of volunteer companies, to an interdiction of Northern goods, to the probability of disunion, &c., &c. The Richmond Whig of Monday last contained the proceedings of eight counties.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—Resolutions looking to and advising a dissolution of the Union abound in the Legislature. They have not been acted on as yet.

CONGRESS.—Nearly all the members of the House of Representatives (all from this State) were present at the meeting of Congress on Monday. The absentees were seven Southern members; six Democrats and one Opposition. A ballot for Speaker was had as soon as the roll-call was completed, which resulted as follows: Mr. Sherman of Ohio, Rep., received 66 votes; Mr. Grow of Pa., Rep., 45; Mr. Boteler of Va., Whig, 14; Mr. Bocock of Va., Dem., 86; and the balance scattering, of which Mr. Gilmer received 3. Mr. Grow then withdrew his name.

[Those who voted for Mr. Gilmer, were Messrs. Boteler of Va., Davis and Harris of Md.]

Mr. Clarke of Missouri offered the following:

Whereas, certain members of the House, now in nomination for Speaker, have endorsed and recommended Helper's "Impending Crisis"—

Resolved, That the doctrines and sentiments contained in that book are incendiary and hostile to the peace and tranquility of the country, and that no member who has endorsed and recommended it is fit to be Speaker of this House.

Mr. Clarke was proceeding to discuss this resolution, but gave way, after repeated interruptions, for a motion to adjourn, which motion prevailed at half-past two o'clock.

On Tuesday, Mr. Clark's resolution came up and the discussion was renewed. Messrs. Leake, Millson and Keitt, of the South, spoke in denunciation of the book and its endorsers. Messrs. Sherman and Curtis replied that as Republicans they did not justify any interference in the relations of master and slave.

Mr. Gilmer offered a proposition reiterating the declaration heretofore made by the Whig and Democratic parties that they would frown down all attempts to agitate the subject of slavery in or out of Congress.

Other speakers joined in the discussion, and it was an exciting time, generally, in the House. Nothing else occurred.

In the Senate, 48 members were present on Monday. [Including both Senators from this State.

Mr. Mason of Va. offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee to inquire into the nature and consequences to the General Government of the recent capture of the national armory at Harper's Ferry.

On Tuesday, Mr. Mason's resolution was taken up and discussed at length. The resolution is:

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to inquire into the facts attending the late invasion and seizure of the armory and arsenal of the United States at Harper's Ferry, in Virginia, by a band of armed men, and report—

Whether the same was attended by armed resistance to the authorities and public force of the United States, and by the murder of any of the citizens of Virginia, or of any troops sent there to protect the public property.

Whether such invasion and seizure was made under color of any organization intended to subvert the government of any of the States of the Union; what was the character and extent of such organization; and whether any citizens of the United States not present were implicated therein, or accessory thereto, by contributions of money, arms, munitions, or otherwise.

What was the character and extent of the military equipment in the hands or under the control of said armed band, and where, and how, and when the same was obtained and transported to the place so invaded.

And that said committee report whether any and what legislation may, in their opinion, be necessary on the part of the United States for the future preservation of the peace of the country, or for the safety of the public property, and that said committee have power to send for persons and papers.

Mr. Trumbull of Illinois favored investigation, and wanted also an investigation of a similar occurrence which took place in Missouri, in 1855.

Mr. Mason desired official information in the case for Congressional action. He called John Brown a vagabond, a ruffian, a thief and a robber.

Mr. Hale made a humorous speech, for which Mr. Hunter rebuked him, saying that it was like the laughter of an inebriate on his death-bed.

Messrs. Green, Pugh and Iverson favored the resolution but opposed Mr Trumbull's amendment.

Messrs. Wilson, of Mass., and Clark of R. I., advocated both the amendment and the resolution No question was taken, and the Senate adjourned.

SOUTHERN MANUFACTURES.—In the present very natural excitement it may perhaps occur to some of our Southern merchants and their customers, that they have been pursuing a very unwise and unprofitable policy in preferring to buy Northern domestic goods, or similar Southern goods from a Northern wholesale house, rather than to buy Southern goods from the Southern manufacturer. The result of this most unpatriotic system is, that Southern Factories linger out a sickly existence, and that there is no temptation to add to their number, because those we have do not pay, and their capital stock is unsaleable at almost any price. Here are, for instance, in Fayetteville and its immediate vicinity, seven cotton factories, producing heavy and *honestly made* sheetings, shirtings, osnaburgs, and yarns. We hazard little in saying, that the towns of Fayetteville and Wilmington alone sell as many such goods as all those seven factories make. But the merchants of Fayetteville and Wilmington buy such goods in the Northern cities in preference to getting them at home *at an equal or a lower price* —never at a higher price. Well, the consequence is, that the manufacturers here, not being able to sell at home, are obliged to ship their goods to Northern markets. And what does that cost? There is a dead loss of from 9 to 10 per cent. on every such shipment, in freights, insurance, and commissions, *all of which goes into the pockets of Northern men.* One factory alone in this place, out of the seven, pays every year in such charges, nearly ten thousand dollars, a sum about equal to interest on the entire capital invested. Our factories are therefore *enriching Northern men,* whilst they impoverish the owners here. The very reverse would be true if Southern merchants and their customers would buy Southern manufactured goods. The South would be enriched; it would take a step, and a very decided one, towards that kind of independence which ought to be desired by every patriot; and it would withdraw so much from the fattening of those who are every day showing themselves more and more our enemies.

THE APPREHENDED RESCUE. The Northern papers tell us that there was no need to assemble a large force at Charlestown; that no attempt would have been made to rescue Brown. This is ridiculous. Every thing indicates that the attempt would have been made but for the precautions adopted by Gov. Wise, making it rather hazardous. The Governor had abundant evidence of the intention. Brown himself clearly expected a rescue, for he said he had been often in greater danger than in this case, but yet had always escaped, as he expected to do now. His hope could have been in nothing but a rescue. Gov. Wise properly guarded against that. If Secretary Floyd had been as mindful of *his* warning, Harper's Ferry would not have been taken; Brown and his gang would have been killed in the attempt to take it; and so all this fuss over the hoary villain would have been avoided.

DIRECT TRADE.—The merchants of Richmond have resolved to establish a line of four packet ships, (not steamers,) to Liverpool, at a cost of $150,000, of which $31,000 was subscribed on the spot by thirteen firms and individuals.

VIRGINIA.—Gov. Wise's long messages to the Legislature which met on Monday last are devoted mainly to Harper's Ferry and things growing out of the recent occurrences there. He recommends to Virginia:—

"1st. Organize and arm.

"2d. Demand of each State in the Union what position she means to maintain for the future in respect to slavery and the provisions of the constitution and laws of the United States, and the provisions of State laws for its protection in our federal relations; and be governed according to the manner in which the demand shall be answered. Let us defend our own position or yield it at once. Let us have action and not resolves—definitive settlement, and no more temporizing the constitution, and no more compromise."

THE JOHN BROWN AFFAIR.

Brown made his will while his wife was with him, leaving his property to his wife, except $50 to each child, and enough to buy a $5 Bible for each daughter and a $3 Bible for each granddaughter, with some other presents. He handed his wife several checks for $100, $50, &c., received by letter since he had been in jail. He wished his body, and those of his sons, burned in a pile of pine logs, and the ashes taken to his residence in North Elba, N. Y.; but was informed that this would not be allowed in Virginia. His wife also objected.

The Brown Sympathizers.—The Massachusetts Legislature voted down, on Friday, a resolution to adjourn—in the Senate, 11 to 8; in the House, 141 to 6.

On the same day, at Providence, R. I., the sympathizers held a large meeting. Ex-Mayor Barstow presided and made a lengthy speech. Speeches were also made by Hon. Thomas Davis, Rev. Mr. Woodbury, Unitarian, and Rev. Mr. Day, Free Will Baptist. The feeling of the larger part of the community was strongly against the meeting. All the prominent men engaged in it are among those entertaining extreme views.

At Syracuse, on the same day, the City Hall was densely packed with citizens who listened for over three hours to stirring and eloquent speeches, expressing sympathy for John Brown and his family. The City Hall bell was tolled sixty-three times, the strokes corresponding with Brown's age.

At Cleveland, Ohio, a meeting was held and many speeches made. Over 1500 persons present. Resolutions were adopted in accordance with the views of the meeting. The Hall was dressed in mourning.

At Albany, N. Y., one hundred minute guns were fired, commencing at 12½ o'clock, in commemoration of the execution of John Brown, for murder and insurrection at Harper's Ferry.

At Montreal, Canada, John Brown prayer meetings were held and largely attended.

At Concord, N. H., the bells were tolled for Brown.

The bells in Worcester, Plymouth and New Bedford (Mass.) were tolled at noon in memory of John Brown.

At New York, says the Journal of Commerce, two meetings of John Brown's sympathizers, black and white, were held to commemorate the occasion of his execution. The blacks congregated at the Shiloh Church and listened to prayers and speeches from a large number of colored, and two white, clergymen, in which Brown was compared to the Saviour, to Moses, to Washington, to Tell and to Wallace! At Dr. Cheever's Church there was also a season of "humiliation and prayer" on the same account, and the proceedings were equally blasphemous and extravagant.

At Boston, Tremont Temple was crowded on Friday evening, to commemorate the death of John Brown.

Mr. Sewall made the opening speech, and concluded by characterizing Gov. Wise as the modern Pontius Pilate.

J. S. Martin, a negro of Philadelphia, followed.

J. Q. A. Griffin, of Malden, a member of the House, claimed that the heinous offences of Pontius Pilate, in crucifying our Saviour, whitened into virtue when compared with those of Gov. Wise, of Virginia, in his course towards John Brown.

Wm. Lloyd Garrison made a characteristic speech, glorifying Brown and his associates, and thanked God that the time had been brought about by the act of to-day's martyr, when the sympathies of men of rank were identified with his, which would thus enable him to leave the arena after battling for thirty years for American freedom.

At Manchester,, N. H., there was a brief excitement, caused by an attempt to toll the obsequies of "Old Brown" from the City Hall bell. It had struck four or five times, when Mayor Harrington appeared among the sympathisers in the belfry, and ordered them to desist. One of them refused, when the Mayor dropped him through the scuttle by the most convenient mode, and the bell didn't toll any more.

At Philadelphia, in the National Hall, there was an overflowing attendance, to offer up prayers for John Brown. Rev. Mr. Furniss read a number of letters from Brown. Addresses were delivered by Lucretia Mott, Mary Green and others.

Per Contra.—Monday's Journal of Commerce says:

The Brown Demonstration—A Failure.—The demonstrations of sympathy in behalf of Brown, made in New England and other Northern States upon the occasion of his execution, when reduced to plain facts, do not assume that importance which the telegraphic dispatches would seem to attach to them.

In Boston the crape-wearing seems to have been confined almost wholly to the colored people; so, also, negroes were the chief actors in creating excitement in many of the towns and cities. In many cases the attempts at bell ringing, &c., were resisted by the people and authorities, and quickly suppressed, as at Chelsea, Mass., Manchester, N. H., Hartford, Conn., and other places. In Chelsea, the attempt to raise a flag at halfmast, nearly created a civil war on a small scale. At New Haven, with the exception of one or two individual cases, no demonstration was made. There was no public display. At Philadelphia the meeting of sympathy for Brown was continually interrupted by hisses and groans, and at the conclusion, repeated cheers were given for Gov. Wise, for Virginia, the Union, &c., with groans for John Brown and treason. Moreover, in but comparatively few places was any demonstration made. The greatest disgrace felt by the people of New York is, that at Albany, the capital of the State, and the residence of the Governor, the shameful firing of cannon should have been permitted without any attempt at interference.

In a few days such demonstrations will be made by this and other cities, as will signify their disapprobation of John Brown acts and John Brown sympathy. Boston, Albany, Philadelphia, and New York, will all speak.

The N. Y. Times, alluding to all these demonstrations, says: "Half a dozen individuals, in any village, it must be borne in mind, can hold a meeting or ring bells, or fire minute guns, and so attract as much attention at a distance as if the whole population had been engaged in the affair."

Aid Tendered Virginia from the North.—The Schenectady News publishes a letter from Governor Wise dated Nov. 25, gratefully acknowledging and conditionally accepting, a tender of service from one of the military companies of Schenectady.

Brown Meetings.—The demonstrations of sympathy with the aims and the end of Brown continue to be reported from all parts of the North, and from Canada. Meetings have been held at Cleveland and Rochester, formidable in numbers, and unmitigated in tone; while through New England hardly a town of note has failed to have its utterance.—*N. Y. Times.*

Mr. Buchanan's Opinion.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer says that Mr. Buchanan has expressed his opinion of the Virginia military display thus:

"Mr. Buchanan remarked to a gentleman on Saturday, that all this fuss and parade, this marching of troops to and fro through the country, and this continual rub-a-dub of drum and fife, was the d——st nonsense and folly in the world. That with eight marines he could have kept everything quiet at Charlestown, and in fact there had never been any danger of a disturbance there."

If by such small effort, so much could have been accomplished, why didn't the sage of Wheatland don military toggery and go to Charlestown himself? With a cocked hat and a cocked eye, he would have looked supremely ridiculous no doubt, and frightened the women and children prodigiously.—*Petersburg Express.*

☞See 4th Page.

DIED,

Near Brenham, Washington county, Texas, on the 20th Nov., RUFUS SMITH, son of Wm. S. and Frances H. Mallett, aged 1 year and 9 days.

In Moore county, on the 24th ult., Mrs. MARY McCOLLUM, consort of Duncan McCollum, in the 95th year of her age.

THE GREAT FAMILY PAPER.
THE GREAT FAMILY PAPER.
THE GREAT FAMILY PAPER.
THE GREAT FAMILY PAPER.
THE GREAT FAMILY PAPER.
THE GREAT FAMILY PAPER.

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE NEW YORK LEDGER.

AS an indication of the popularity of the LEDGER, we need only state the simple fact that its circulation is larger than that of any other TEN literary papers in the country. Its great success is owing to the fact that its proprietor secures the best writers in the country, and spares no expense in getting up the BEST FAMILY PAPER—a paper of high moral tone. The exalted reputation of its contributors, the practical and invariably pure and healthy character of all its articles, the care which is taken that not even one offensive word shall appear in its columns, and the superiority of its Tales and Sketches, have gained for the NEW-YORK LEDGER a position that no literary paper has ever before reached. We feel, and always have felt, since the LEDGER attained its immense circulation, that a heavy responsibility rests upon us, and have endeavored to discharge that responsibility conscientiously, feeling confident that ultimately we should receive the thanks of thousands and tens of thousands of families.

As to the future, we are at a loss what to say. We prefer to perform rather than to promise. What we have heretofore done is known to our readers; they know what the LEDGER has been and is now, and must therefore judge what it will be hereafter. We can only say that among the contributors to the Ledger are

EDWARD EVERETT,	WM. C. BRYANT,
CHARLES DICKENS,	GEO. P. MORRIS,
PAUL MORPHY,	N. P. WILLIS,
Hon. H. J. RAYMOND,	ANNA CORA RITCHIE,
GEO. D. PRENTICE,	FANNY FERN,
JOHN G SAXE,	MRS. SIGOURNEY,
SYLVANUS COBB, Jr.,	MRS. SOUTHWORTH,
EMERSON BENNETT,	MARION HARLAND,
WM. R. WALLACE,	ALICE CARY,
CARLOS D. STUART,	EMMA A. BROWN,
Col. W. B DUNLAP,	SALLIE M. BRYAN,

and many eminent Lawyers, Clergymen, Professors in Colleges, and others, who write for the LEDGER anonymously; and that our complete arrangements are such that the current expenses of the LEDGER are now and will constantly be at the rate of over *three hundred thousand dollars per annum.*

FACTS like these carry with them more weight than any comments that could be made, and comments will therefore be dispensed with. As we have already intimated, we shall leave *promising* to those who prefer to expend their force in that way, and content ourselves with doing what we can to make the LEDGER the most interesting and instructive FAMILY PAPER in the world.

THE NEW YORK LEDGER is published every Saturday, and sold at all the news-offices in every city and town throughout the country; and is mailed to subscribers at two dollars per annum; two copies sent for three dollars. Any Postmaster obtaining eight subscribers at $1 50 each (which is our lowest club rate), and sending us $12, will be entitled to one copy free. Terms invariably in advance.

☞ The postage on the LEDGER to any part of the United States, paid quarterly or yearly, in advance, at the office where it is received, is only twenty-six cents a year. Canada subscribers must each send us twenty-six cents in addition to the subscription price of the LEDGER, to pay the American postage.

☞ Subscribers must write their addresses, including the name of the place, county, and State in which they reside, in a plain hand, so as to avoid mistakes.

☞ No subscriptions are wanted from cities, large villages, or other places where news-offices are permanently established.

☞ All communications must be addressed, postage paid to

ROBERT BONNER,
Proprieter of the New York Ledger,
No. 48 Ann st., N. Y.

Dec'r 8. 72-1t

LIST OF PREMIUMS

AWARDED AT THE

Moore County Agricultural Fair.

THE Examining Committees of the Moore County Agricultural Society, awarded the following Premiums at the 5th Annual Fair, held Nov. 24th and 25th, 1859.

AGRICULTURE.

Mathew G Campbell, largest yield of corn on one acre, 81 bus., $4
D Davis, largest yield of oats per acre, 2
Bryant Tyson, largest sweet potatoes, cts 50
J C Jackson, largest yield of Irish potatoes pr. acre, 2
Gen W D Dowd, largest yield of cotton, 600 lbs. on ¼ acre; 1500 lbs. per acre, 4
Harris Tysor, best bbl. of flour, 1
do, " sample corn meal, 50
Mathew G Campbell, largest pumpkin, weighing over 60 lbs., 50
Malcom Kelly, best specimen crowder peas, 50
James C Davis, best sample corn, 25
Mathew G Campbell, best specimen prolific corn 25
Neill R McDonald, greatest variety beans and peas, 25
T B Tyson, best sample sweet potatoes 50
John Campbell, best specimen white winter oats, 25
Dr John Shaw, best sample spring wheat, 25
Geo C Councilman, best specimen blue stem wheat, 25
Wm C Campbell, best specimen of Autauga wheat, 25
W H Tyson, best sample of gale wheat, 25
M G Campbell, greatest quantity of corn grown in one hill, 25

ARCH'D RAY, M. G. CAMPBELL, J. A. JACKSON, } Com.

HORSES, JACKS AND JENNETS.

Martin Shuffield, best stallion, three years old, $4
A A Harrington, best brood mare and colt, 3
do, " stallion colt under three years, 3
T W & S S Ritter, finest filly 18 mos. old, 3
Samuel Barrett, best jack, 3
do, " jennett, 3
John Campbell, best mule colt 2 yrs. old, 2
A A Harrington, fine saddle filly. 1 50
A F Harrington, best year old colt, 1 50

NEILL K. McNEILL, A. A. HARRINGTON, T. W. RITTER, } Com.

TROTTING HORSES IN AND OUT OF HARNESS.

Jas C Dowd, best trotting in single harness, $2
H C McLean, best pair in double harness, 3
A F Harrington, best trotting horse under saddle, 2

W. D. DOWD, B. P. PERSON, HUGH McKENZIE, RICHARD STREET, } Com.

HOGS AND SHEEP.

J T Phillips, finest sow and pigs, $2
do, best pair pigs 7 mos. old, 1
Harris Tysor, fine sow and pigs, 1 50
do, finest boar, 1 50
J T Phillips, best buck sheep, 1

D. DAVIS, MARTIN SHUFFIELL, B. COFFIN, } Com.

POULTRY.

N R Currie, best lot of chickens (China,) cts 50
Wm M Person, pair Shanghais, 50
Chas Dowd, pair geese, 50
Wm M Person, pair ducks, 50
Chas Dowd, finest pair turkeys, 50
Do, " dung-hill fowls, 25
Do, pair Guinea do, 25
W T Beatty, 1 squirrel, native growth.

A. A. LEACH, Mrs. N. R. CURRIE, Mrs. M. KELLY, } Com.

DAIRY, &C.

Mrs A B Currie, fine specimen of butter, 50
" T B Tyson, finest cake of butter, 50
" Do, specimen of cheese, 50
Miss Lucretia Rhodes, specimen of butter, 2d best, 25
Mrs Person and others also exhibited fine specimens of butter.

Mrs. JESSUP, Mrs. WM. PERSON, Mrs. J. C. JACKSON, } Com.

FOOD, CONDIMENTS, &c.

Miss Chattie McEachin, best pound cake, 50
Mrs Mary Ann Jolly, 2d best do, 25
Mrs Nancy P Davidson, fine specimen of cake, 25
Mrs Dr S C Bruce, finest peach and apple jelly, 50
B P Person, best apples, 25
A B Currie, 2d best do, 25
Mrs Mary Ann Jolly, sponge cake, 25
" J C Jackson, Irish potato custard, 25
" Po, pumpkin do, very good, 25
J C Davis, fine specimen of honey in combs, 50
Wm P Martin, finest fruit cake,
Mrs N R Currie, loaf bread, 50
" E Q Seawell, light bread, 2d best, 25
Mrs N R McDonald, cup cake, very good.
" N R Currie, biscuit, very good.
" Dr Bruce, preserves, very fine.
" T B Tyson, fine specimen citron preserves.
" M Kelly, tomato preserves, excellent.
" Dr S C Bruce, glass melon preserves, superb.
" Tyson, peach preserves, good.
" N R McDonald, apple preserves, very good.
" Do, water-melon jelly, 25
" Patrick Monroe, water-melon syrup, very good, 25
" B Shields, do, 25
M G Campbell, peach preserves, 25
Do, citron do, 2d prem. 25
Do, scuppernong jelly, 25
Mrs Jesse Bean, best pickled beets, 25
Miss Mary A Rhodes, dried peaches, 25
Mrs N R McDonald, do, 2d best.
Miss Elizabeth Rhodes, dried apples, 25
Mrs Jesse Bean, pickled beans, 25
N R Currie, dried okra, 25
K Black, scuppernong grapes preserved in charcoal, 50
Mrs A Jessup, fine specimen Madeira wine.
" J C Jackson, strawberry wine.
Mrs Dr Shaw, blackberry wine, all very good.
" Bean, red pepper.
A A Leach, Bodark apples.

Mrs. Jessup, W B Richardson, B Coffin, Com.

SALT PROVISIONS.

Josiah T Phillips, best pair bacon hams, 50
Neill R Currie, finest venison ham, 50
Angus Currie, Sr, finest mutton, 50
E. McN. Blue, James Davis and John Dunlap, Com.

DOMESTIC ARTICLES.

Mrs N R Currie, best specimen rosin soap, without grease, 25
Mrs Amos Jessup, do. candles, 10 doz., 25
Miss Henrietta M. Rives, Miss Bettie M. Barrett and J. C. Dowd, Com.

WORSTED WORK AND TAPESTRY.

Mrs A R Kelly, best table cover, 1st prem. 50
Miss R A Seawell, best fire-screen, 1st prem. 50
" Mollie E McQueen, best lamp mat (of beads,) 25
" Do, finest emb'd talma, $1
" Martha Dowd, " do, 2d prm, 50
" Mollie E McQueen, finest apron, 25
" E A Jackson, finest emb'd child's dress, 50
" Flora McQueen, " braided dress, 50
Mrs Dr J Shaw, " child's sack, 50
" B P Person, " boy's sack, 50
" Ann P Hannon, " child's dress, braided, 50
Miss A M Dowd, " ladies' collar, emb'd, 50
" Eliza Dowd, " do, do, 50
" D A Bailey " do, do, 50
" Chattie McEachin, finest pair worked slippers, 50
" Do, " hair braid, 50
" Do, " gent's slippers, 50

Miss Mary Bean, Mary E Barrett, Mollie E. McQueen, Mary Ann Kelly and Jas. D. McIver, Com.

PAINTING, STRAW AND WAX WORK.

Mrs W S Chafin, best painting in water colors, 50
" M R Campbell, best oriental painting, 50
Miss Margaret E Fry, " do, 50
Mrs W S Chafin, 2d best do, 25
" Do, best colored crayons, 50
Miss Mary E McQueen, best Grecian painting, (Happy Family,) 50
Miss Lydia Fry, 2d best painting (first piece,) 25
Mrs Dr John Shaw, best crystal painting, 50

Mrs M R Campbell, Miss Chattie McEachin and Dr H Turner, Com.

MECHANICS.

Tyson, Kelly & Co, best pleasure carriage, 3
do do do " open buggy, 2
Harris Tysor, " four-horse wagon, 3
Wesley, servant of R W Goldston, best two-horse do, 1
J M Sowell, best two-horse plow, 75c
Duncan Keith, best pair boots, 1
Mathew G Campbell, pr of ladies' shoes, very fine,
Jordan R Sloan, Esq, fine specimens of upper and sole leather, tanned at his own tan yard.
George C Councilman, also exhibited very good specimens of sheep, deer and kip skins, tanned by himself.
A D McIver, best horse shoes, 25
Willis F Wright, best bureau, 1
Martin Shuffield, " set of chairs 50
do do " spinning wheel, 50
W D Andrews, " wool hats ½ doz, 1
Angus Currie, hack, scraper and bridle bitts, very good.
Wm L Beaty, best saddle, 50
John M Johnson, best specimen of lumber, 25
J T Phillips, " one-horse plow, 50
B Tyson, " bee hive, 25
Joe, servant of T B Tyson, unfinished buggy, 50
L H Ritter, fine window sash, 50
K Black, cast steel chisel, made by J L Caddell, 25

Joab Cheeks, Ch'n Com.

DRAUGHT HORSES.

Bethuel Coffin, best draught horse, 1

W. B. Richardson, Ch'n Com.

CATTLE.

John R McClamore, best milch cow, 2
Saml Barrett, " bull, 2
Neill R Currie, " " yearling, 1
Saml Barrett, " heifer yearling, 1
Harris Tysor, " yoke of oxen, 3
Neill McLauchlin, 2d best yoke of oxen, 1 50
Harris Tysor, best saddle animal, of the horned species.
J R McClamore, exhibited a very fine bull.

WM. C. CAMPBELL, Ch'n Com.

VEGETABLES.

N R Currie, greatest variety of garden seeds, 50
A A Harrington, finest specimen of turnips, 25
George W Davis, " " cabbage, 50
Mrs Harris Tysor, 2d prem cabbage, 25
" W T Jenkins, best beet, weighing 9 lbs, 25
Neill R McDonald " citron, very large.
Rose, servant of Mrs Tyson, prem for pepper, 25
M G Campbell, largest pumpkin, 25
Wesley McIver, fine specimen of Irish potatoes, 50
Mrs Nathan Fry, and Mrs B P Person, exhibited very fine specimens of onions.
James C Davis, exhibited the largest cucumber, 15 inches long.
Mrs W C Campbell, a fine specimen of carrots.

WESLEY McIVER, Ch'n Com.

HOUSEHOLD FABRICS.

Mrs S D Stewart, best woolen coverlet. 75
Miss Lucretia Rhodes, 2d best woolen coverlet, 50
Mrs W C Campbell, best counterpane, 75
Miss Catharine Black, 2d best " 50
Mrs Mary A Jolly, best bed quilt, 1
Mrs Danl McIntyre, 2d best " 50
Miss Flora Black, best comforter, 50
Mrs Flora Muse, " woolen socks, 25
" Amos Jessup, best piece of jeans, fulled, 50
" Christian Ferguson, 2d best piece jeans, fulled, 40
Miss Sarah Black, " " do not do 50
Mrs Jesse Bean, 2d " " do do, 40
Miss Elizabeth Rhodes, " " negro cloth, 50
" Mag S Bryant, best tuft counterpane, 75
Mrs Hester Caddell, " embroidered do, 75
Miss Flora Black, " piece of mixed jeans, 50
Mrs A M Branson, " dress coat, 75
Dugald McDonald, " " pants, 50
do do " " vest, 25
Mrs Danl H Muse, " homespun vest, 25
Miss S A Hollingsworth, finest embr shirt, 50
" R A Sowell, 2d best " do, 25
Mrs Mary A Jolly " corded do, 50
Miss Flora Black, 2d best corded do, 25
" do do " plain do, 25
" Mary E Shields, " child's sack, 50
" E A Wicker, 6 years old, child's socks and gloves, very good, 25
Mrs Mary Jenkins, ladies' hose, 25
Miss Christian Kelly, best pr gloves, bone knit, 25
" Jane E Fry, 2d " do, 25
Mrs Mary A Jolly " knit comforter, 75
Miss Mary Bell Jones, 9 years old, fine stockings, 25
Mrs Mary A Jolly, best home-made coat and pants, 1 50
Miss Sarah Ferguson, best cotton homespun, 50
Mrs Archd B Currie, " checked do, 50
Miss Sarah Ferguson, " plain yarn do, 50
Mrs W C Campbell, " flax cloth homespun, 50
" Jesse Bean, " piece of thread cloth, 50
Miss Mary E Shields, " serge cloth, 50
" Lucretia Rhodes, " table cloth, 50
" Christian Kelly, 2d " " do, 25
Mrs B P Person, " flax table cloth, 50
Miss Eliza A Jackson, " " toilet, 50
" Lucretia Rhodes, 2d " " do, 25
Mrs M A Jolly, exhibited a superb sample of variegated yarn. 50
W D Andrews, one felt saddle cloth, 50
Miss Lucretia Rhodes, exhibited a fine sample of white yarn cloth, 50
Mrs W C Campbell, exhibited some excellent twilled woolen cloth, 50
Mrs M A Jolly, exhibited an excellent piece of bed ticking, 50
Mrs Jesse Bean, exhibited a fine table cloth, 25
" B S Shields, socks and ladies' hose, very good, 25
" Neill Graham, domestic jeans, 50
Miss Effy McIver, steel colored jeans, very fine, 50
Mrs Daniel McIntyre, exhibited another beautiful quilt.
Miss Ruth Shepherd, bed quilt, very fine, 50
Mrs A B Currie, exhibited a superb counterpane.
Miss Elizabeth Rhodes and Mrs Angus Currie, exhibited very excellent counterpanes.
Miss Lucretia Rhodes, exhibited a very fine double woven saddle blanket.
Mrs S E Johnson, exhibited a very fine bed quilt.
" B P Person, Mrs D H Muse and Mrs D T Kelly, all exhibited very beautiful counterpanes.
Miss Martha Dowd, and others, exhibited very excellent quilts, worthy of premiums.

The Moore County Agricultural Society resolved, at its last Annual Meeting, to hold an Agricultural Fair, in the Fall of 1860. Let every man in the county commence, at once, preparing to make the greatest possible yield of corn, wheat, rye, oats, potatoes, peas, &c., per acre, during the next year. Let us see if every farmer in the county cannot improve at least one acre of land, so as to gather from it, next fall, five times as much produce as he ever gathered before from the same quantity of ground. Every man competing for a premium should have his land measured by two of his neighbors, and also, have his crop measured and certified by the same. All articles placed on exhibition should be entered the first day, in order to give the committees time to arrange and examine them.

Persons contending for premiums should be able to give to the Society, a correct statement of the process by which they improved their lands, and the manner of tilling their crops; that the science of agriculture may be benefitted by their discoveries. Think what a benefit it would be to the county, if every man in it would prepare one acre of land to make fifty bushels of corn next year! How many will make the effort? Let us try and make Moore, what she ought to be, one of the finest grain and fruit growing counties in the State.

While we rejoice at the interest manifested by the citizens generally, and the ladies especially, in our Agricultural Fair, we must be permitted to say, that Josiah T. Phillips, V. P., and Harris Tysor, Esq., of Fair Haven, have laid an example worthy to be imitated by every member.

The interest of the occasion was greatly enhanced, by the able, appropriate and instructive Address, delivered by Clement Dowd, Esq., of Carthage. But we forbear making any comment, as it is hoped a copy of the Address will be furnished to the Executive Committee for publication, at the request of the Society.

Persons entitled to Premiums as above must call on the Treasurer, H. L. Muse, within nine months from the Fair.

A. R. McDONALD, Cor. Sec'y.

Dec. 1. 74-1t

1859.

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Nov'r 8, 1859 65itf

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Sept 1 46i-

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FROM THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GLOOMY PICTURE OF POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

The following letter, from a gentleman of ability, public position, and large experience, was not written for publication; but we are confident the author will excuse the liberty we take in laying it before the public:

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Dec. 1.

There is no doubt that the people of the South are generally under the impression that the whole North are arrayed against them. The communications that you say you have received as to the state of public feeling at the South, you may rest assured, do not exaggerate. The cry for dissolution is *sincere* and *unanimous*. It is no longer the ultras and the fire-eaters; it now embraces all classes. The conservative and sober-minded, who flouted the idea twelve months since, now cordially join; it includes judges, lawyers, merchants, traders, artisans and laborers.

In all our previous troubles I never had a shadow of a fear as to the Union—my nerves are not easily moved; on the contrary, I am hopeful and always disposed to look on the favorable side. But now I acknowledge that my fears amount almost to *conviction* that we shall on the 5th see the *last Congress* of the present Union assemble. No one is or can be more fully aware of the madness and folly of disunion and its withering effects upon every section, the South of course included, though to the latter less disastrous than to the North. The South would have some redeeming and favorable results that would mitigate the disaster; to the North it would be one of unmixed and direful evil. To the City of New York it would be ruin; absolute, unmixed ruin. She would no longer be the importing port for the Union—no longer the centre of the coasting trade—no longer the grand *entrepot* from which the whole country draw their supplies. Her Merchants and traders would leave her by hundreds, her citizens by thousands, her capital by tens of millions. Pennsylvania, if she has any sense, would go with the South. Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk and Charleston would fatten on the ruin of New York. Of these results in case of a dissolution I presume you cannot doubt, and the only question is as to the dissolution itself. I was recently in your City, and found the idea had taken no hold of the public mind. They seemed to think there was no danger, or rather they did not seem to think of it at all; but they will all soon be convinced to the contrary. It is not so much *excitement* at the South, as a cool *determination*. Heretofore it has been made rather dependent on the election of a Republican President, but I doubt if they will now wait that result. The *attempt* of John Brown has not had much effect, but the manner in which that attempt is received at the North is what has done the injury. The orations, speeches, sympathy, approvals, the proposal to toll bells, close stores, &c., without any public manifestation to the contrary, has created a state of feeling at the South that is not to be described. You and I are aware that half a dozen abolition fanatics will, on such an occasion, make more noise than 100 or 1,000 quiet, sober-minded citizens, who fully disapprove of such proceedings, as a grasshopper in a field makes more noise than a herd of cattle feeding; but still I think the conservative community, and the conservative portion of the Press have greatly failed in their duty by not disclaiming once and again, and constantly, all these exhibitions, and using every endeavor to prove to the South that the great body of the North are sound as to Southern rights guaranteed under the Constitution. * * To help overflow the bowl, look at the late certificate of 70 of the Republican members of Congress approving of that atrocious publication against the South, written by an absconding scoundrel, named Helper. What, in the name of God, had those members to do with such an atrocious work? How can they venture to assert that they do not wish or intend to interfere with the institution in the States? This very thing may be the spark that will cause the explosion this session. To say the Southern members are indignant at this proceeding is giving but a faint idea of their feelings, and I do assure you I dread scenes of bloodshed on the floors of Congress which will result at once in a crisis. * * * I really fear the evil is gone too far to be corrected.

Still, we must all do what we can; and, as the head of a leading influential Press, you have a great responsibility upon you. I think the duty of the Northern Press is certainly to denounce the course of the ultras; to repress all feelings of sympathy for, and all attempts to make Brown a martyr—to try and pour oil on the troubled waters—to soothe the irritated feelings which have sprung up at the South, and to try and convince them that the North are not hostile—that the number are but very limited who preach the doctrine of blood and fire at the South—that the Phillipses, Smiths, Giddingses and Garrisons have no extensive influence, and, in short, to do all that will tend to restore good and friendly feelings between the two sections. The atrocious and cold-blooded course of Brown in Kansas debars him from all consideration or feeling towards him, and it is really surprising that one individual can have a particle of feeling for such a miscreant, entirely independent of the affair at Harper's Ferry. I wish you could spend next week here, and I think you would be convinced that my views and fears are not unfounded. I have letters from some of the most sober minded, conservative, old-line Whigs at the South—all of the most gloomy kind, and all uniting in the belief that the event is inevitable. I pray God it may be otherwise!

Nearly a Row in Congress, on Tuesday last.—Already have the worst passions been excited, and many unkind expressions used in debate. So great has the excitement become, that we were, to-day, on the eve of a most disgraceful scene in the House hall, without the least provocation leading to it. Messrs. Crawford of Georgia, and Stevens of Pennsylvania, the parties directly involved, were entirely courteous to each other, and their language unexceptionable. The words being in only conversational tone, and not understood by the members around, and Mr. Crawford approaching Mr. Stevens as he spoke, there appeared to be a simultaneous impression over the Hall that a fight was on hand. The Democrats in a moment were pressing around Mr. Crawford, armed to the teeth, while republicans came to the rescue of Stevens. Intense excitement instantly prevailed. Every one seemed to expect a general explosion, when fortunately a motion for adjournment was made, and members resumed their seats. This incident well illustrates the inflammable condition of the body. Should a blow be struck, it is fearful to think of the consequences.—*Cor. N. Y. Times.*

South Carolina.—Among the resolutions offered on the condition of things between North and South is the following, by Mr. B. F. Perry:

Resolved, That the general manifestation of feeling and sentiment at the North makes it dishonorable and dishonoring in South Carolina and other slaveholding States to continue united with a people whose moral tone characterizes them as a nation of pirates, savages, assassins and traitors.

In all previous disturbances between the North and the South, Maj. Perry has been one of the leading unionists.

The Charleston Mercury says, "We suppose the whole South cannot produce a man who has shown, by a long record of efforts and services, a more sincere and ardent attachment to the union"

Incendiary Matter in the Mails.—A Virginia Post Master has written to the Postmaster General for instructions as to his duty under the Statute of Virginia in regard to incendiary matter in the mails. The P. M. General's reply concludes thus:—

"You must, under the responsibilities resting upon you as an officer and as a citizen, determine whether the books, pamphlets, newspapers &c., received by you for distribution, are of the incendiary character described in the statute; and, if you believe they are, then you are not only not obliged to deliver them to those to whom they are addressed, but you are empowered and required, by your duty to the State of which you are a citizen, to dispose of them in strict conformity to the provisions of the law referred to. The people of Virginia may not only forbid the introduction and dissemination of such documents within their borders, but, if brought there in the mails, they may, by appropriate legal proceedings, have them destroyed. They have the same right to extinguish fire-brands, thus impiously hurled into the midst of their homes and altars, that a man has to pluck the burning fuse from a bomb shell which is about to explode at his feet."

[Virginia newspapers—some of them we mean—like other Southern newspapers, publish and circulate vast numbers of incendiary documents. They print Seward's speeches, Gerrit Smith's speeches, and other speeches and sermons and pamphlets of like character, and circulate them freely through the mails. Where is the difference—we mean in effect, not in motive—between such circulation, and that obtained under Seward's frank, or through Greeley's newspaper. Yet in the one case they are unmolested: in the other the Post Master is to take them before a Justice and burn them!]

The Total Eclipse of the Sun.—The total eclipse of the 18th of next July will be a very important one to the scientific world. At the moment of obscuration four of the principal planets—Venus, Mercury, Jupiter and Saturn—will appear in the vicinity of the eclipsed sun as a kind of rhomboidal figure, a phenomenon of such extraordinary rarity that many centuries will elapse before its repetition. Darkness will commence and terminate on the land, the localities being California and the shores of the Red Sea. Between these extreme points this eclipse will be visible in North America, from whence the moon's shadow will pass across the Atlantic, and traverse Spain; total darkness including important towns in that country. The line of totality will then cross the Mediterranean and enter Africa.

Centenary of American Methodism.—The one hundredth anniversary of the introduction of Methodism into the United States is to be appropriately celebrated by that denomination. The Christian Advocate says:

The true centenary of Methodism is the year 1860. Dr. Roberts, of Baltimore, has fully demonstrated this fact from local as well as general documents, and other evidence. The late Local Preachers' Convention, at Baltimore, appointed a committee to consult the general conference. It is a happy coincidence that the general conference meets in this grand epochal year. It will be, not indeed, the centennial general conference, but it will be the centenary general conference.

Suffering Among Jews.—The Jewish Messenger of Dec. 2 publishes gloomy news in regard to the condition of the Israelites in Morocco. Hundreds of families have fled from Tangiers to avoid Spaniards, Moors and Kabyles. Twenty-seven hundred of these fugitives had arrived at Gilbratar. The Jews in London have responded to the call for aid, and aid is also hoped for from the prosperous Israelites in American.

More John Brown.—The newspapers have published John Brown's death; and now Mr. James Redpath, of Kansas notoriety, is preparing for publication a Life of Capt. Brown, for the benefit of his family. It will be a volume of 400 pages, 12mo., illustrated. It will be issued about Christmas.

Oldest Church.—The oldest church now existing in the United States is one near Smithfield, Isle of Wight county, Va. It was built in the reign of Charles I, between the years 1630 and 1635. The brick, lime, and timber were imported from England. The timber is English oak, and was framed in England. The structure is of brick, erected in the most substantial manner. The mortar has become so hardened that it will strike fire in collision with steel.

W. N. TILLINGHAST

OFFERS FOR SALE,

50 CHINA Tea Sets, Gilt and Plain, 20 different styles;
150 prs. China Vases, over 50 patterns;
An assortment of White China Dinner & Tea Ware;
Fancy Articles of China and Glassware for Presents, &c.;

Glass-ware.

1400 Dozen Tumblers;
100 " Goblets;
90 " Wine Glasses;
175 " Glass Dishes, Nappies and Butters;
50 " " Bowls, on stands;
40 " " Jars;
14 " Lanterns;
10 " Lamps, for Kerosene, Fluid, Oil and Lard;

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1600 Dozen Plates;
2800 Sets Cups and Saucers;
125 Dozen Dishes;
75 " Pitchers;
175 " Bowls;
200 Ewers and Basins.

The above are of WHITE IRONSTONE CHINA and the usual COMMON WARES. Together with all the smaller articles of China, Glass or Earthen-ware required for complete housekeeping.

950 Looking-Glasses,

All sizes, from 3x4 to 30x17 inches;

53 Silver Plated Casters,

Of 20 patterns, $5 and upwards;

Silver Plated Spoons;

Silver Plated Forks; Silver Plated Cake Baskets, Cups, Communion Sets, Candle-Sticks, Butter Dishes, Butter Knives, Ladles, and a number of Fancy Articles.

Britannia-ware.

17 Doz. Britannia Casters;
350 " Britannia Spoons;
Candle-sticks, Coffee Pots, Tea Pots, Lamps, &c., &c

Knives and Forks.

300 Dozen, comprising Fine Ivory handle Knives alone
Fine Ivory handle Knives and Forks;
Horn Tip, Ebony, Bone and Cocoa handle, with STEEL Forks;
Superior Carvers, of Rogers's and other good marks;
China Knife Sharpeners, good.

45 Dozen Baskets.

Also, a fine assortment of Tea Trays;
Old Dominion Coffee Pots;
SCISSORS, small embroidery up to Shears;
Planished and Plain and Japanned Tin-ware;
Wooden Ware.

A variety of other articles useful to House-keepers, too numerous to name here; but all contained in his Catalogue, which he will be pleased to send to all applicants.

These Goods are offered at wholesale or retail, at prices which ought to please.

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Sept. 27 52itJ1

A Cow Wanted.

A FIRST rate Milch Cow, with a young calf.

E. J. HALE.

Dec 7

FROM THE RALEIGH STANDARD.

The Council of State.—The Council of State of North Carolina assembled at the Executive office in this City, on Tuesday last, pursuant to the call of his Excellency, Gov. Ellis. Every member was in attendance, to-wit: John A. Avirett, of Onslow; J. L. Bridgers, of Edgecombe; Josiah T. Granberry, of Perquimans; P. M. Powell, of Richmond; W. J. Yates, of Mecklenburg, Jesse A. Waugh, of Forsyth; and Dr. Columbus Mills, of Polk.

We learn that the Council, after full deliberation, and after having carefully considered the qualifications and claims of a number of distinguished gentlemen, appointed the Hon. M. E. Manly, at present one of the Judges of the Superior Court, to fill the place on the Supreme Court bench made vacant by the resignation of Hon. Thomas Ruffin, Sr. This appointment will we doubt not, be cordially received and approved by the people generally. Judge Manly is an able jurist and an upright man. He has had much experience as a Judge, having presided on the Superior Court Bench for some twenty years.

The Governor and Council also unanimously adopted the following resolutions, the sentiments of which will meet a hearty response in the bosom of every North Carolinian. We believe they embody the voice of this State without regard to party:—

Resolved, By the Council of State of North Carolina:

1. That the prompt, vigorous, and effective measures adopted by the Governor of Virginia for suppressing the treasonable invasion of that State at Harper's Ferry, have our warm and unqualified approval. That our fellow-citizens of the State of Virginia are hereby assured of our entire sympathy in their present disturbed condition; that the cause of Virginia is the cause of North Carolina, and her destiny is our destiny. That we will be prepared at all times to sustain her in her efforts to maintain and uphold the rights and vital interests of the slave-holding States; that those rights and interests can never be surrendered without dishonor and disgrace, and without causing a state of confusion and anarchy which will mark the destruction of the liberties and happiness of the people of both States.

2. That our thanks are due and are hereby tendered to the President of the United States for the promptness with which he has sustained the Governor of Virginia in upholding the laws and in restoring tranquility to the people of that Commonwealth; and that our confidence in the devotion of the President to the Constitution and the rights of the States, is undiminished.

3. That the Union of the States can only be perpetuated so long as it continues to be a Union of equals. We are still devoted to it, and would behold its dissolution with profound regret: yet if we cannot hold our slave property, and at the same time enjoy repose and tranquility in the Union, we will be constrained, in justice to ourselves and to our posterity, to establish new forms and provide new guards for our security and well being; relying for success in so doing on the righteousness of our cause, and on the support of that Providence who so signally guided and succored our ancestors in times of danger.

4. That while declaring our sincere devotion to the Union according to the Constitution, as it was established by our forefathers, and while we are ready to uphold and maintain it as a common Union of equals, we are not unmindful of the fact that the disturbers of our peace have received and are receiving the active sympathies and the substantial support of large portions of the people of the non-slaveholding States; and that it behooves the people of the non-slaveholding States, if they would restore "domestic tranquility" and perpetuate the Union, to rouse themselves from the condition of indifference and lethargy which seems to prevail among them, and to adopt such measures and take such action as may be necessary to prevent a continuance of assaults upon the South, and as may assure our people that they are still faithful as confederate States to the common Constitution which still unites us.

5. That the sense of insecurity existing among our people, in consequence of a want of competent military organization and effective weapons with which to arm the militia, in view of the threatened disturbance of our peace, imperatively demands prompt action on the part of our State authorities. That we advise his Excellency, the Governor, to cause the militia of the State to be efficiently organized, by encouraging the formation of Volunteer Companies, and by such other measures as he may deem proper; and that he apply at once to the President of the United States for a sufficient number of effective weapons to arm thoroughly the militia of the State.

6. That inasmuch as certain papers and books of an incendiary character, calculated and having a tendency to excite slaves to acts of insurbordination, are being circulated in this State through the post office of the government by fanatical clubs and societies in the Northern States, we advise His Excellency, the Governor, to take all needful action to prevent the same; and that all post-masters in this State be forbidden, under the penalty of the law, to deliver any such newspaper, book or other publication, whether written or printed, from his office to any person to whom it may be directed, as such conduct on their part will be regarded as a circulation of such paper or book.

7. That, whereas, under the cover and disguise of pursuing peaceful occupations, many dangerous emissaries from the Northern States have traversed this State, secretly instilling their insurrectionary passions into the minds of our slaves; we advise his Excellency, the Governor, to require our Justices of the Peace, and other peace officers, to cause all strangers from non-slaveholding States canvassing this State as venders of merchandize, or solicitors for the sale of the same, lecturers, tract and book agents, or for any other purpose whatever, to be subjected to the strictest scrutiny; and, whenever, upon such scrutiny any suspicious circumstances attach to any such persons, they be placed under bonds to keep the peace and observe the laws of this State, and for failure to give the required bonds to be confined in close prison as persons dangerous to the peace of the State.

8. That his Excellency, the Governor, be requested to send copies of the foregoing resolutions to our Senators and Representatives in Congress, to the President of the United States, and to his Excellency, the Governor of the State of Virginia.

North Carolina Eastern Central Agricultural Society.—On Tuesday last, the first meeting of the above Society was held at the courthouse in this place.

The election for President resulted in the choice of Mr. James A. Washington, by a unanimous vote. E. B. Borden, Esq., was elected Treasurer, and John C. Slocumb, Esq., Secretary.

A committee was appointed to purchase land, erect all necessary buildings for the use of the society, and to make all necessary arrangements for holding a fair next fall, open to all parts of this and other States.

The first amount proposed, $5,000, having all been taken, it was proposed to open the books for an additional subscription, not exceeding $7,000 in all. Six thousand five hundred dollars of the stock have already been subscribed; leaving only $500 remaining, which will be taken in a few days.

Goldsboro Independent.

N. C. Conference.—The North Carolina Conference of the M. E. Church, South, will meet at Beaufort on Wednesday, the 14th inst.

One of the Sheriffs Caught.—Ray the absconded Sheriff of Yancy county, N. C., has been caught in Washington county, Tennessee, and brought back by his securities. He surrendered some two thousand dollars. They have the tax lists also.

Freedom and Slavery.—Among the petitions now before the Legislature at Columbia, are the petition of *Elizabeth Bird*, free woman of color, *for permission to become the slave of* Rev. Wm. P. Hill; and petition of *Eliza Andrews*, free woman of color, *that she be allowed to go into slavery.*

Charleston Courier.

Expects of Cotton.—The exports of cotton from New Orleans to England reached during the week ending on the 6th inst, 46,000 bales, and to Havre 16,000. From Mobile during the same period, the exports to Great Britain were 15,000 bales.

An Abandoned Project.—The project to add two steamers to the line between Charleston and New York has been abandoned by the subscribers on account of the unsettled state of public affairs.

LATER FROM EUROPE

Our European intelligence is extended to the 24th ult., by the arrival of the Edinburg and the Ocean Queen at New York. The ratification of the treaties of Zurich having been exchanged, it was understood that the letters summoning the General Congress would forthwith issue from Paris, and that those of Austria had already been submitted to the French Foreign Office. The attitude of England was still undefined. It is again represented that Russia and Prussia will only accept seats on condition that England share in the deliberations. Affairs in Italy have manifested no significant change. Gen. Garibaldi has actually retired to private life. In a manifesto just issued, addressed to the Italian people, he laments that the golden opportunity for Italian independence secured by the war, has been lost; but anticipating for the national cause a more fortunate day, he exhorts his countrymen to amass the means and material of war in readiness for the re-emergency. The apprehensions of John Bull, in regard to France, are quieted by the rumor of instructions sent to the French Press, requiring them to moderate their Anglophobia. The London Times sounds a peace note; and although the Paris correspondent of the Herald denies that any such instructions as those referred to had been issued, the fever of excitement in England was rapidly cooling.

The Persia brings three days' later news. It is now stated that the invitation to the European Congress had not been issued, new difficulties having been started. Austria is reported to have raised another decided difficulty regarding the Congress, and the invitations were accordingly held in abeyance.

Lord Cowley it is reported has been authorized by the Emperor Napoleon to propose to England a general and simultaneous disarmament. The London Journal however treats the idea as absurd.

The English army will be increased by additional battalions, equivalent to eleven new regiments.

The French Generals have been instructed to encourage the idea of a general disarmament.

Spain was chartering steamers and contracting for stores for the war with Morocco.

Austria grants a full amnesty to all persons compromised with Italian affairs.

Commercial.—Cotton.—The sales of the week were 38,000 bales, including 1,200 bales to speculators and 5,500 bales for export. There is but little enquiry, and prices weak and irregular. The market closed quiet. The stock in port is 425,000 bales, including 265,000 bales American.

MASS MEETING IN PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec 8

A grand Union mass meeting, irrespective of party, was held to night, in Jaynes' Hall,—the object being to reaffirm allegiance to the Union and Constitution, and to condemn all fanaticism. Hon. Joseph R. Ingersoll presided. Resolutions were adopted expressing earnest sympathy with their fellow-citizens of Virginia,—declaring that no laws were more obligatory on the citizens of the Republic than those prescribing the duty of restoring fugitives from labor,—disavowing any wish or right to interfere with the domestic institutions of the sister States, and reprobating in the strongest terms all attempts to excite servile insurrection, or to arouse those who are lawfully held in servitude, to violence or bloodshed. Also, approving of the recent administration of justice in Virginia, and the energy and fidelity of Gov. Wise, and of the conduct of the Governor of Pennsylvania in promptly surrendering the fugitives from justice. Finally, they assure their brethren of the South that there exists among the people of Pennsylvania a determined spirit to assert and maintain the Constitution and the rights of States under it, and asking in return their confidence, and that dignified moderation which confidence and patriotic sympathy inspire.

The meeting was the largest ever held in this city. There has not been such excitement and enthusiasm for many years. The squares along Chestnut street were crowded.

New York Municipal Election.—The Election in New York last week, resulted in the defeat of Messrs. Havemeyer and Opdyke, and the triumph of Fernando Wood. The vote was as follows: Wood, 30,125; Havemeyer, 26,843; Opdyke, 21,773. For Council to the Corporation Greene C. Bronson has received over 30,000 votes, and is elected by a plurality of 7,661 over Tilden. Mr. Pinckney, the Alms-House Governor upon the Republican ticket,

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 12, 1859.

THE COUNCIL OF STATE.—We copy from the Standard the proceedings of this body, which, under unusual circumstances, are of an unusual character, and such as, in the main, the people of North Carolina will approve of. They are, in the main, such as the constitution authorises that body to adopt. It is manifest, however, that the Councillors had not read Gov. Wise's Message when they endorsed both his and President Buchanan's conduct, for Gov. Wise devotes a large part of that Message to showing that the President signally failed and refused to do what the Governor says he ought to have done. Without ourselves entering into an argument upon the nice question of the right or duty of the President to send the army into the States bordering on Virginia, to disperse the bands there said to have been organized to rescue John Brown (as Gov. Wise says he ought to have done, and as the President refused to do) we merely point to the fact as showing that there is a difference of opinion as to the President's conduct, and that therefore a compliment to President Buchanan will appear to Gov. Wise (to whom the proceedings are to be officially forwarded) rather inconsistent with that to himself.

THINGS AT WASHINGTON.—The Wilmington Journal, on the authority of Thos. D. McDowell, Esq. of Bladen, (who has been to Washington at a meeting of the Democratic National Committee,) states that "the reports in the papers give but a feeble notion of the state of feeling at Washington, which is unparalleled in its intensity, as it is in its bitterness." Again: "Even the slightest allusion to disunion elicits the most marked applause."

The Journal—apparently on the same authority—speaks very plainly of the indiscretions of the "ultra Southern men who assume to speak for their section," and whose undue excitement daily gives the more calm and cool Northern members the advantage. We have been sorry to observe the same thing, but might not have felt called on to speak of it if the Journal had not set us the example, for these indiscreet men are Democrats, and any criticism of their course from us might have been ascribed to party feeling. In the following conclusions of the Journal we heartily concur:—

"Would that the day of mere talk was over, and that of common sense had arrived, when men would say only what they had resolved to do, and abuse and denunciation would cease to be regarded as marks of spirit and patriotism—when some decent respect for eminent service and high standing in the Democratic party, would be looked for and required from all aspirants to the favor of that party.

"It is unfortunate that gentlemen of this stamp, however talented or personally brave, should be put forward, or should put themselves forward at this time as the exponents of Southern feeling. *Their* tone is nothing new to the North, while those who know the South know that a new spirit is abroad among us that cannot find its expression through the organs of mere display. The North is thus led into the error of supposing that it is only a repetition of the gusts that have swept over the country and then passed away."

We rejoice that no member from North Carolina, of either party, has merited such a rebuke as the above.

MALICIOUS MISCHIEF.—Last week the Constitution, the official paper at Washington, stated that Senator Wilson of Massachusetts had attended a meeting in his own town of Natick, at which the most treasonable resolution we ever saw was adopted, without objection by him. The day after this publication, Mr. Brown of Miss. spoke of it in the Senate, when Wilson rose and stated, in substance, that he had addressed a very large meeting in strong disapproval of John Brown's movement; and that soon after 15 or 20 abolitionists hired the same room and held *their* meeting. He and others were present from curiosity, among them the leading Democrats, the Postmaster and other government officials, not one of whom interfered. As his meeting was not interrupted by the fanatics, so it was not considered decent to interrupt theirs. Mr. Brown expressed his gratification at this explanation. Yet the very next day the Constitution republished the offensive charge against Mr. Wilson! This is the way in which bad men, for party purposes, stir up strife between the sections. Wilson is bad enough, but it may be doubted if he is as bad as his shameless accuser.

VALUE OF THE SOUTH TO THE NORTH AND TO THE UNION.—We have several times by examination of some of the uninviting documents issued annually from the Treasury office and gathered up into huge volumes, shown the value of the South—to the North, in furnishing freights for its vessels, employment for its sailors, and millions of government money contributing to its prosperity in numberless ways; and to the country, in furnishing the great bulk of products that are sent abroad to pay for luxuries imported in such vast quantities for Miss Flora McFlimsey and her associates. A *similar* statement is published in the government paper of the 7th inst., made up from the forthcoming Treasury exhibits. Briefly, the results are these: For the fiscal year ending June 30 1859, the exports, exclusive of specie and foreign products, amounted to $278,392,080. The exports peculiar to the non-slaveholding States amount to $5,281,091; common to both slave and non-slaveholding States and impossible to be separated, $84,417,493; peculiar to the slave holding States $188,693,496. So that, of exports much less than $300,000,000, the South furnishes more than $200,000,000. The moral of all this is too patent to require pointing.

SOUTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.—Among the propositions before the Legislature is one declaring that the entire South should make common cause with Virginia, each, in proportion to its slave population, bearing its proportion of the expenses incurred by her in putting down the Harper's Ferry movement; and that Gov. Gist forward to Virginia the proportion of South Carolina.

Another proposes to appropriate $100,000 towards the erection of two laboratories somewhere in the South for the manufacture of powder, &c.

BLUE RIDGE RAILROAD.—The lower House of the S. C. Legislature, on motion of Mr. Mullins, has indefinitely postponed this whole subject.

NORTHERN SENTIMENT.—The N. Y. Times and the Commercial Advertiser both throw cold water on the proposed meetings to express disapprobation of the John Brown outrage. And so, we are surprised to see, does the Baltimore Patriot. We hope, on the contrary, that the meetings will be held in that and other cities, and that they will be imposing in point of numbers as well as in the character of persons and strength of their declarations in favor of upholding the constitutional rights of the South.

We do not, it is true, hope for much permanent good from such expressions of sentiments. They are very good and proper as far as they go, but are spasmodic, and do not reach the root of the evil. The same stealing of Southern property, and the same invasion of the South, either with arms or incendiary matter, will go on; whilst Northern Executives and Legislatures and Courts and people and presses and pulpits obstruct the recovery of the stolen property, though that recovery is guarantied by the Constitution of the United States.

The Times asks the Richmond Enquirer "what it would have the North to do, to avert the peril which menaces the Union?" And it puts on an air of entire innocence and even ignorance of any wrong done to the South! "They must not expect us (says the Times) to agree with them in opinion concerning Slavery, nor to act with them in their wish to secure for it the active patronage and protection, in Federal Territory, of the Federal Government. But they can still rely upon our non-interference with it in Southern States, and upon our readiness to take any necessary and feasible steps, to prevent any such interference on the part of the ill-disposed among our people."

Has there been such a non-interference? Have such necessary and feasible steps been taken? The history of the last ten years, from the Jerry rescue down to the Harper's Ferry invasion, is full of disproof of such assumptions. More than ten millions of dollars worth of Southern property has been stolen and carried into the free States within that time, of which not a hundred thousand dollars worth has been recovered, and even the small recovery made has probably been at a greater cost than its value. No more has been recovered because the owners feel that neither the public sentiment nor the laws in the free States will aid them to make the effort.

The South wants, and has a constitutional right to demand, that slaves shall not be stolen or enticed from their owners, shall not be harbored in the free States or spirited off to Canada, "but shall be delivered up on claim" of the owner. It has a right to demand that all interference with the institutions of the South, by the North, either by Brown invasions or Seward incendiary speeches, or the stealthy operations of the "underground railroad" through the Northern States, shall be put down by the North.

But we fear that neither the Times nor the Northern people will recognise these just claims of the South—claims of brotherhood, of neighborhood, and of solemn compact. We fear so, because these same Northern people, in all their States, elect Governors, Legislators, and Judiciary, opposed to such recognition. They pass laws to obstruct the recovery of Southern property; and even where there are no such laws, there are men to make the laws by violence.

What then? We do not need to answer the question. It will, we imagine, soon be answered, disastrously for both sections, unexpectedly perhaps to the North. The Times itself perhaps has given the answer, in the letter from Washington, which we copy from its issue of last Wednesday.

A MISTAKE.—Our reading of Southern papers "outside of Virginia" has brought us to a conclusion the reverse of the following from the N. Y. Journal of Commerce:—

"We have noticed with satisfaction, upon a careful examination of our exchanges which we receive from every Southern State, that the press outside of Virginia has not generally regarded the recent events as seriously threatening the peace or permanence of the Union."

FOLLY.—A writer in the Richmond Examiner (vouched for by that paper as "one of the most accomplished gentlemen and gifted writers of the South") seriously proposes *to invite the Emperor of France to send his army and navy hither, and take the Southern States under his protection!*

Preserve us from *such* gifted men.

CHARLESTON GETS EGGS FROM CANADA.—The South gets a variety of its eatables and drinkables and wearables from the North, but we did not dream that Charleston had to send to Canada for its eggs, and to bring them through New York. The Courier's New York correspondent writes as follows:—

"Do you know where you get most of the eggs from that are shipped from this city to Charleston? They are nearly all brought from Canada. With the exception of about forty miles of railroad, from Lake Champlain to the Hudson River, they come by water, and so are not much *shaken up* by the time you get them. Captain Berry informs me that the shipment of Canadian eggs forms not an inconsiderable item in the carrying trade to your city; and it is all done by one John Murphy, who is, consequently, getting rich."

South Carolina should establish the necessary henneries to supply Charleston with eggs before the day of dissolution comes. Also manufactories of brooms, axe-handles, shoes and hats, and a few meadows to furnish hay.

INFORMATION WANTED AND GIVEN.—A paragraph in the Observer a week ago announced that the Rev. Mr. Green proposes to publish a paper in Raleigh. The Raleigh Press "wonders where the Observer got that information." Without supposing it a matter of special interest to any one, we will gratify this harmless curiosity. The information was derived from an advertisement signed by the Rev. Mr. Green.

Sense at the North.—A call has been numerously signed by the citizens of Harrisburg, the capital of Pennsylvania, for a Union meeting, to be held on Saturday last.

A similar call has been made at New Haven, for a meeting on the 14th inst.

Kansas Election.—The entire Republican State ticket is elected by over 3000 majority, according to a Leavenworth despatch of the 5th inst.

CONGRESS.—In the Senate, on Wednesday, the debate on Mr. Mason's resolution was continued by Messrs. Simmons, Mallory, Iverson, Hale, Clingman, Fessenden, Brown, Chandler, Doolittle, Chesnut, King, Trumbull, and incidentally by Messrs. Pearce, Pugh, Davis, and Yulee.

As on the previous days, the Intelligencer says that it was "conducted in a general spirit of frankness and good temper which did honor to all the speakers. While it was evident that the representatives of each party spoke under the influence of strong convictions, there was also a manifest disposition on the part of each to accord to the other a patient and candid hearing, with a view to the attainment of a better understanding among the members of a common Union."

There was nothing in the debate of special interest or novelty. The Republican Senators apparently seek to complicate the Brown business by connecting a Kansas outrage with it, but without exception they condemn the Brown raid and avow their desire for the fullest investigation.

On Thursday, the debate was continued by Messrs. Trumbull of Illinois, Davis of Mississippi, and Wilson of Massachusetts. A number of other Senators participated incidentally. There was nothing of special interest in the debate. The Republican Senators continue to disavow and denounce the Brown raid, and keep their temper.

The Senate adjourned from Thursday to this day.

In the House of Representatives, on Wednesday, the Helfer book and the slavery question generally were discussed. Two new members, Messrs. Nelson, Tennessee Opposition, and Pryor, Virginia Douglas and fire-eating Democrat, had a sharp discussion, in which the Virginian was badly worsted.

A ballot (the second) closed the proceedings: For Mr. Sherman, 107; Mr. Bocock, 88; Mr. Gilmer, 22; Scattering 14. Mr. Gilmer received the votes of the Southern Opposition.

On Thursday, the sectional debate was continued all day, and no vote was had. Fiery speeches were made by two or three Southern members, replied to by others from the North, who keep as cool in the House as their colleagues in the Senate, and gain advantage by keeping their temper in the face of such speeches as some of the Southern members make in the old Democratic, electioneering, blood and thunder style. The feature of the day was a good-humored speech by Tom Corwin, in which he pledged Ohio and the great West to the support of the constitutional rights of the South. The South was entitled to a good and efficient law for the recovery of fugitives, and should have it. Indeed, the South was entitled to recover fugitives, law or no law, for it was in the bond; and were he a judge, (as he said he ought to be,) he would deliver them, law or no law. It was evident that Mr. Corwin's speech contributed to a better state of feeling in the House. Mr. Cox of Ohio followed in a speech of much vigor, in review of the doctrines of the Republican party, and recounting some of the extravagances which were displayed the last year in the northern portion of Ohio. He complimented his distinguished colleague (Gov. Corwin) for his frankness and fairness on the questions in issue.

In this House and in the Senate, Mr. Seward was disclaimed as the leader of the Republican party by speakers of that party.

During the sitting a fight occurred in the gallery between a Virginian and a Sewardite, but it excited no attention in the House.

On Friday, party politics were discussed. Mess. Logan and Morris of Illinois (Douglas Democrats) exposed the falsity of Mr. Kellogg's charge that Douglas had colluded with Greely to effect his re-election to the Senate. Mr. Logan said that Kellogg had sneaked away like a whipped spaniel when called on to produce his proof of the charge. Kellogg upon hearing this advanced towards Logan in a bellicose attitude; whereupon Logan squared himself off for a fight, but friends rushed in and separated them. The greatest possible excitement followed, but it soon subsided.

Mr Taylor, of Louisiana, made an eloquent appeal to the House to proceed to the election of Speaker, for such debates as they were having, were calculated, he said, only to irritate. Towards the end of the sitting, a vote was taken and resulted as follows: Sherman 110, Bocock 88, Gilmer 20, Scattering 13. Necessary to a choice 116. The House then adjourned.

GREAT UNION DEMONSTRATION IN BOSTON.

The Union meeting at Faneuil Hall on Thursday last, was presided over by ex-Gov. Lincoln, assisted by 129 Vice-Presidents, including four ex-Governors of the State, and six Secretaries. The principal business localities in the State were represented in the organization. The hall was packed in every part and many hundreds were unable to gain admittance. Rev. Mr. Bladen, of the Old South Church, invoked the Divine blessing on the nation, the State and the audience assembled. The President—ex-Gov. Lincoln—made the opening address, in which he briefly alluded to the event which seemed to call for the present demonstration.

Ten resolutions were adopted, the third of which is as follows:

Resolved, That we look with indignation and abhorrence upon the recent invasion of the Commonwealth of Virginia; that however narrow or however comprehensive was the iniquitous scheme, in its instruments or its execution, it was an undisguised assault upon the peace and welfare of the whole country; that we deeply sympathize with the people of Virginia in the trying scenes which they have been called to pass through, and proffer them and their civil authorities, and those of the Federal Government, our unfailing countenance and support in the maintenance of the laws of the land and the public peace.

The sixth resolution reads:

Resolved, That the unchangeable Union of these States is indispensable to the prosperity and glory of each and of all, and even to our continued existence as a civilized and enlightened nation: and that in league with our patriotic brethren throughout the Union, we solemnly pledge ourselves to uphold it with our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor.

The seventh resolution declares fealty to the Constitution, and that we will faithfully and unreservedly carry out all its obligations and requirements.

The eighth declares that we will discountenance everything tending to produce alienation of feeling between the North and South.

The ninth denounces the apologists for the late raid upon Virginia, and holds as guilty, before God and the country, those who induced it.

The principal speech of the occasion was that of Mr. Edward Everett, who spoke at length, pleading earnestly and eloquently against the dangerous tendencies of the day. Among other letters received from distinguished citizens of New England, was one from Ex-President Pierce, denunciatory of the agitation and its cause.

S. C. Conference.—Appointments for the Wadesboro' District.

S. H. BROWNE, Presiding Elder.
Wadesboro' Station—H C Parsons.
" Circuit—S Jones, G W DuPre.
Ansonville—W Hutto.
Albemarle—A W Walker. One to be supplied.
Concord—E W Thompson, P L Herman.
Rocky River Mission—W Haltom.
Monroe—B G Jones, J Hutchison.
Lancaster—L Wood.
Catawba Mission—T H Edward.
Chesterfield—J S Nelson.
Chesterfield Mission—J C Stahl.
Cheraw Station—W S Black.
Bennettsville—R K Pegues, A H Harmon.
Society Hill Mission—J M Cline.
T R Walsh, President Carolina Female College.
W C Power, Agent for Carolina Female College.

Meeting of the Grand Lodge.—The Grand Lodge of North Carolina met in this city on the 5th inst. Much important business transpired during the sitting.

The following officers have been elected for the ensuing year:

Grand Master, L. T. Williams, Charlotte.
Grand Sr. Warden, H. C. Lucas, Fayetteville.
Grand Jr. Warden, Dr. E. F. Watson, Watsonville.
Grand Treasurer, C. W. D. Huchings, Raleigh.
Grand Secretary, Wm. T. Bain, Raleigh.
Raleigh Press.

Cape Fear and Deep River.—One hundred feet of the dam at Red Rock, on Cape Fear River, gave way some two or three weeks ago. So Mr. Morris, the Engineer promptly informed the Commissioners in charge of the work. Red Rock dam is the only one on the river not fitted with a down-slope, and the water falling over perpendicularly has cut a deep hole below it, and possibly undermined it, which accounts for the accident. All the Engineers agree that any work to be permanent there, must be built at a different site from the present dam.—*Wilmington Journal.*

Railroad Prospects.—The prospect of soon securing a sufficient amount of stock to build the Germanton and Coal Field's Railroad, is very flattering, and our friends in Stokes are very sanguine as to the full success of the enterprise. When all the stock for the road from Danville to Germanton has been secured, we presume Forsyth will put her "shoulder to the wheel" to push along the High Point connection. The idea is also already entertained by some of continuing the Railroad from Germanton westward to Wilkesboro,' at no very distant time.—*Salem Press.*

Tall Figures for Land.—The "Irvine tract" of Land, sold Tuesday last by Commissioner John L. Irvine, brought $63 25 per acre, and was bought by a Mr. Crawford Terry, of Virginia. This tract numbers 500 acres.—*Milton Chronicle.*

MARRIED,

In Harnett county, on the 29th ult., by Jas. S. Harrington, Esq., Mr. JOHN McLEAN to Miss MARY G. SALMON.

In Winston, on Thursday morning, Dec. 1st, at 5 o'clock, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. L. S. Burkhead, Rev. J. E. MANN, of the N. C. Conference, to Miss M. MILLER, daughter of H. Miller, Esq.

In Duplin county on the evening of the 1st inst., by Rev. R. D. Hufham, Mr. CHRISTOPHER JAMES, of Tarboro', N. C., to Miss SUSAN SWINSON, of Duplin.

In Milton, on the 7th inst., by the Rev. S. A. Stanfield, Col. FIELDING B. LEWIS, of Bolivar, Miss., to Miss SAMUELLA, daughter of S. B. Jennings, Esq.

On the 7th inst., at the First Baptist Church, Washington City, by the Rev. S. P. Hill, D. D., AUGUSTUS H. MARTIN, Esq., of King and Queen county, Va., and Miss KATE J., daughter of Dr. R. J. Powell, of Washington.

DIED,

In Washington co., Texas, on the 21st ult., after a protracted illness, Mr. JNO. BLACK, a native of Scotland and lately a resident of this county.

A. J. BALDWIN, of Chatham county, N. C., died of apoplexy the 19th of November 1859, after an illness of five days.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.—Dec'r 12.

BACON,	14 a 15	American	5½ a 6
BEESWAX,	28 a 30	English	4 a 4½
CANDLES, F. F.	18 a	LARD,	14 a 15
Adamantine	25 a 30	LEAD,	8½ a
Sperm	45 a 55	MOLASSES—	
COFFEE—Rio	12 a 13½	Cuba	28 a 30
Laguira	14 a 15	N. Orleans	50 a 00
Java	20 a	NAILS,	4½ a 5
COTTON—		OIL—Linseed	1 00 a 0 00
Fair to good	10 a 10½	Tanner's	70 a 1 00
Ordin. to mid.	0 a 0	SALT—	
COTTON BAGGING—		Liv. Sack	1 75 a 2 00
Gunny	18 a 20	Alum	50 a 0 00
Dundee	18 a 20	FLAXSEED,	1 00 a 1 15
COTTON YARN—		SHOT—	
No. 5 to 10	1 05 a	Com. pr. bag	2 00
DOMESTIC GOODS—		Buck	2 12½
Bro. Sheetings	8 a 9	SPIRITS—	
Osnaburgs	10½ a 11½	P. Brandy	1 00 a 1 25
FEATHERS,	45 a 50	N. C. Apple	70 a 0 75
FLOUR—		Northern do.	70 a 0 90
Family	a 5 60	N. C. Whiskey	70 a 0 80
Super.	a 5 35	Northern do.	35 a 0 40
Fine	a 5 10	SUGARS—	
Scratched	a 4 85	Loaf	13 a 13½
GRAIN—		Crushed	12 a 13
Corn	1 00 a 1 05	Coffee	10 a 10½
Wheat	1 00 a 1 15	Porto Rico	9 a 10
Rye	1 10 a 1 20	New Orleans	8½ a 9½
Oats	65 a 75	TALLOW,	10 a 00
Peas	90 a 95	WOOL,	19 a 20
HIDES—Dry	11 a 12½	TURPENTINE—	
Green	5 a 6	Yellow dip	2 15 a 0 00
IRON—		Virgin	1 75 a 0 00
Swedes, com. bar	6 a 6½	Hard	1 00 a 1 15
Ditto, wide	7 a 7½	Spirits	37 a 37½

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

Cotton—The receipts since our last have been small. Sales were made on Friday 10 @ 10½ for best grades.

Flour—The receipts have fallen off since our last review. We note an advance of 10 cents ₱ bbl. in all grades, at which the market is firm.

Spirits Turpentine—There has been but little doing. Sales of small lots have been made at 37½.

Pork—There has been no transaction in this article, except in small lots from carts, which were taken at 8 a 9 cents.

Corrected by JOHN H. ROBINSON.

WILMINGTON MARKET—Dec. 10, 1859.

Turpentine, yellow 2 65, virgin 2 12, hard 1 65. Spirits 40; extra bbls. 40½. Tar 2 70. Cotton, 10½ for strict and good middling. Timber, 4 rafts at $8, $9, and $10.

During the week, 5000 bbls. Turpentine as above. Spirits, 862 bbls. closing as above. Rosin, 200 bbls. common at $1. Tar, 165 bbls. as above. Cotton, 183 bales as above. Flour, 20 bbls. at $6 for super, 6 25 for family. Corn 80. Timber, 7 rafts as above. No other transactions.

At New York, Flour quiet; Southern 5 65 to 5 80. Wheat quiet; Southern red 1 32½; do. white 1 55. Cotton, middling uplands 11.

COTTON RECEIPTS.—1,576,223 bales, against 1,339,427 last year. Increase 236,811.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVALS.

C F Line. Dec. 9—Str Flora McDonald, with passengers, and goods for D Murphy, E Glover, Rockfish Co, Worth & Utley, Mrs M Banks, C C McCrimmen, G Brandt, J Shaw, J N Smith, J Hollingsworth, M A Baker.

Express Steam Boat Co. Dec'r 10, Strs Fanny and North Carolina, with Goods for C E Leete, M R & Co, D & W McLaurin, Ray & Pearce, J R Lee, S Shaw, J S Fuller, J J Breece, J D Breece, C T Haigh & Sons, A H B, E J Hale & Son, W McL McKay, A E Hall, F M & W S Medows, J Kyle, H & E J Lilly, J W Lett, O S Daily, G W Williams & Co, W H Barnes, W N Tillinghast, E Glover, E W Willkings, Waterhouse & Bowes, McN, J Martine, W & C, E J Hale, G W Sperling, E J Lilly, I I Fonda, D Anderson, A McJ, Fayetteville Mill, S J Hinsdale, L, W R R Co, C B Mallett.

EVERY ONE GETS BARGAINS
AT J. N. PRIOR'S
FANCY DRY GOODS STORE,
Where Everything
In the way of Staple or Fancy Dry Goods,
Is selling at
Greatly Reduced Prices!
☞ Call and see. No charge for showing goods.
Dec'r 12 74-

PIANO-FORTE.
JAS. PIRSSON respectfully informs the public that he has arrived in Fayetteville, and will be happy to attend to any orders for Tuning or Repairing Piano Fortes. Mr. P. has a very superior assortment of Pianos and all Musical Instruments; also, Piano and Vocal Music, at his store in Wilmington, N. C. Mr. P. will return from a visit to Floral College in a few days. Orders left at the Fayetteville Hotel will meet with prompt attention.
Dec'r 10 74-

Selling off at Cost!
THE subscriber is selling off her stock of Millinery, &c., at cost, for cash.
Hours of sale from 10 to 2 o'clock.
A. A. BROOKSBANK.
Dec'r 12 74-2t
Carolinian 2t.

A LUXURY
IN cold weather is a good warm Overcoat. We have the best of Devonshire Beaver, Lion Skin, &c., &c., which we are selling
At Greatly Reduced Prices.
Blankets, Shawls and Rugs, may be found at the cheap Clothing & Furnishing Store of
O. S. BALDWIN & CO.,
No. 21 Hay Street.
Dec'r 10 1t

A first rate lot of Under-Garments,—Silk, Merino, and Lambs' Wool,—may be found at O. S. BALDWIN & CO'S.
Dec'r 10 1t

Heavy Silk Mixed French Ribbed Cass. Pants; fine Bl'k French Doeskin Pants; Steel Mixed Cass. Pants. All of our own inimitable make. For sale cheap. O. S. BALDWIN & CO.
Dec'r 10 1t

100 Negroes Wanted.
BY M. A. BAKER,
Manufacturer of Turpentine Stills.
Fayetteville, N. C., Dec 10 74-

COTTON FACTORY
FOR SALE.
THE undersigned wishes to sell that valuable Factory known as the FAYETTEVILLE MILL, situated on Cross Creek, in the town of Fayetteville.
The machinery consists of 10 thirty-inch Cards, 8 Throstle Frames of 132 Spindles each, 3 Self-acting Mules of 360 Spindles each, and 48 4-4 Looms, with all the other machinery necessary for operating the above.
The machinery was built at Matteawan, N. Y., and is in good repair, and capable of turning off 8000 yds. of Sheetings per week.
With the Mill will be sold all the Lots and Tenements on Cool Spring and Grove Streets.
For terms apply to E. H. EVANS, Ex'r.
Fayetteville, Dec'r 10, 1859. 74-4t
Raleigh Standard, Petersburg Express, copy 4 times each, and send acc't to this Office.

For Sale.
WILL be sold at the Market House on Friday next, 16th inst., at 12 o'clock, the House and Lot on Orange Street, owned and occupied by Amos J. Simpson. The Lot fronts on Orange St. 100 feet, and runs back 125 feet. The House has 6 rooms.
A. M. CAMPBELL, Auct'r.
Dec'r 12 74-

Notice.
THE subscriber, at December Term 1859 of Cumberland County Court, qualified as the Executor of the last will and testament of Miss Mabel Bingham, dec'd. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them within the time limited by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of a recovery.
EDW'D LEE WINSLOW,
Executor of Mabel Bingham.
Fayetteville, Dec'r 12, 1859. 74tf

Executor's Sale.
THE HOUSE AND LOT and the LOT adjoining, the residence of the late Miss Mabel Bingham, will be sold at the Market House, on the 17th day of January 1860. The Lots are large and valuable. The terms of sale will be made known on the day of sale.
EDW'D LEE WINSLOW, Executor.
Fayetteville, Dec'r 12, 1859. 74tf

Turpentine Land & Still
FOR SALE.
THE subscriber offers for sale 1900 acres of TURPENTINE LAND, on which there are about 90,000 Turpentine Boxes, that have been worked two years; and also one good 20 bbl. TURPENTINE STILL;—on Upper Little River in Harnett county, within 10 miles of the Western Rail Road.
B. F. SHAW,
Summerville, Harnett co., N. C.
Dec'r 10, 1859. 74*3t

DEEP RIVER COAL LANDS.
BY VIRTUE of a Deed of Trust executed to me by Dr. Spence McClenahan, on the 19th day of Nov., 1858, I shall offer for sale to the highest bidder, for Cash, in front of the Court House in Pittsboro', on Monday, the 2d day of January, 1860, EIGHT HUNDRED SHARES in the Hillsboro' Coal Mining and Transportation Company, known as the Taylor Coal Fields.
HENRY A. LONDON, Trustee.
Pittsboro', N. C., Dec. 6. 74-ts

SALE OF SLAVES.
THE undersigned Commissioners appointed at November Term, 1859, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, held for the county of Robeson, N. C., will, on Tuesday the 10th day of January next, before the door of the Court House in Lumberton, offer for sale, on a credit of six months, the following Slaves, belonging to the Estate of Edmund McQueen, dec'd,—
WILLIAM, PRINCE, WESLEY, KITTY, ANN, SALLY, HARRY and LUCINDA.
The purchasers will be required to give bond and approved security.
W. A. DICK,
JNO. C. McQUEEN.
Dec'r 1, 1859 74*1m

Notice.
ON Friday, the 30th inst., I will expose to public sale, at the late residence of Jas. A. Byrne, dec'd, all the perishable property belonging to the Estate, consisting of
Horses, Hogs, Mules, Cattle, &c., Corn and Fodder, Household and Kitchen Furniture, &c.
A credit of six months will be given, the purchaser giving bond with approved security.
JOHN F. BYRNE, Adm'r.
Dec'r 8 74*2t
Weekly Carolinian 2 times.

Notice.
BY a decree of the County Court of Cumberland, I shall offer for sale on the 31st Dec'r next, at the residence of the late W. L. Williams, in the said county, Nineteen young, valuable and likely NEGROES.
Terms of sale: Notes at six months, negotiable at any Fayetteville Bank.
JOHN C. WILLIAMS,
Adm'r. of W. L. WILLIAMS.
Dec. 10. 74-ts

LAND, CORN, STOCK, &c., FOR SALE.
THE subscriber having made arrangements to move West, offers for sale his LANDS in Harnett County, lying immediately on each side of Cape Fear River, containing 1200 acres in each tract. These Lands are situated in a healthy country, pleasant neighborhood, and within half a mile of the village of Summerville, with good Dwellings on each place and all necessary Out-Houses, and cleared Land enough to work 25 or 30 hands to advantage. There are on these lands some six hundred acres of fine Bottom, most of which is uncleared, and well set with white oak and other fine Timber. A large portion of the balance is oak and hickory Ridge Lands, the balance is pine Land of a good quality, having been worked in Turpentine three years. These Lands will be sold low for Cash or Young Negroes, or on time to suit purchasers, with approved bonds.
I will also sell at Public Auction, on the Plantation east of the River, on the 22d of this month, 1500 or 2000 bushels CORN, 20,000 lbs. FODDER, one fine team of MULES, one Timber WAGON, two Road WAGONS, the stock of CATTLE, HOGS and SHEEP, and all other articles belonging to the Farm.
On that day I will also rent out the Farm for one year, if not previously disposed of.
For further information, address me at Summerville, Harnett County.
N. G. JONES.
Dec. 7. 74-

TO HIRE.
THE subscriber has a number of Negroes to hire for the ensuing year. Among them are MEN, WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS. A few Boys and Girls will be hired for their board and clothing.
E. J. LILLY.
Dec. 12. 74*3t
Town papers copy.

New Goods!
RECEIVED this week, and will be sold low for CASH,
100 Bbls. Whiskey, good and common;
100 " Mullets and Mixed Fish;
10 " Pickled Codfish;
50 " Gib. Herring;
25 ½ " Cut Do.;
50 Boxes Dried Herring;
20 Bbls. Rump Pork;
10 Hhds. Bacon;
200 Sacks Salt;
5 Hhds. N. O. and P. R. Sugar;
10 Bbls. C. Sugar;
5 " Powdered and Crushed Do.;
2 Cases Sardines;
50 Boxes Candy;
10 Bbls. Mess Beef.
☞ A new supply of "*Old Dew Drop.*"
J. H. ROBERTS & CO.
Dec'r 12, 1859. 74-4w

Fresh Arrival.
THE subscriber has just received a large addition to his Stock, consisting of
Dry Goods, Negro Shoes, Blankets and Kerseys, Coopers' Tools, &c. &c.
—ALSO—
25 boxes choice CHEESE.
25 bbls. No. 1 HERRING.
10 tubs choice BUTTER.
C. E. LEETE.
Fayetteville, N. C., Dec'r 12, 1859. 74-1m

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL.
Raleigh, N. C.
Right Rev. Thos. Atkinson, D. D., Visitor.
Rev. Aldert Smedes, D. D., Rector.
Rev. Fred. Fitzgerald, A. M., Assistant.
THE THIRTY-SIXTH TERM OF THIS SCHOOL Will commence JANUARY 6th, 1860.
For a Circular containing full particulars, apply to the Rector.
Dec. 9. 74-4t

BUFFALO MALE AND FEMALE SCHOOLS.
D. McINTYRE AND LADY, PRINCIPALS.
THE exercises of these Schools will be resumed on Wednesday, 4th JANUARY, 1860.
Tuition per Session of five months, viz:—

Primary Department,	$8 00
Intermediate,	10 00
Higher English Branches,	12 50
Latin, Greek and Higher Mathematics,	16 00

Ornamental Branches, in Female Department, charged Extra.
Good board at convenient distances from the School Rooms, at $8 per month. A few young ladies can board in the family of the Principal.
Buffalo, Moore Co., N. C., Dec. 6 74*6t

MASONIC NOTICE.

THE members of ST. ALBAN'S LODGE No. 114, A. F. and A. M., will celebrate the Anniversary of St. John the Evangelist, on the 27th Dec. (inst.)
Bro. Henry Mullins, of Fayetteville, N. C., will deliver an Address, at the Masonic Hall.
A. D. BROWN, Sec'y.
Lumberton, N. C., Dec. 5, A. L. 5859. 74*27th

Clarendon Bridge.
PERSONS who wish the Bridge by the year (for 1860) will please leave their names with Mr. Jessup, the Collector at the Bridge, by Wednesday the 28th inst.
JNO. M. ROSE, Sec'y.
Dec'r 10. 74td

FURTHER SUPPLIES OF BOOKS.
BEULAH, by Augusta J. Evans;
The Right Word in the Right Place;
The Hart and the Water Brooks, by Rev. Jno. R. McDuff, D. D.;
Precious Things of God, by Octavius Winslow, D. D.;
Sprague's Annals of the American Pulpit, Vol. 6, Baptist;
Manual of Geology for Schools & Colleges, by Prof Emmons; School Books; Blank Books, &c.
Dec'r 10 E. J. HALE & SON.

Godey's Lady's Book,
FOR JANUARY 1860. Just rec'd
Dec'r 10. E. J. HALE & SON.

Bank of North Carolina Checks;
JUST PRINTED, from new and handsome plates. A supply, bound or unbound, of these and Checks on all the other town Banks.
Also, Negotiable Notes, for any Bank, including the Branch of the Bank of N. C.
E. J. HALE & SON.
Dec'r 12.

THE ARTILLERIST'S MANUAL,
COMPILED from various sources, and adapted to THE SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES.
ILLUSTRATED WITH ENGRAVINGS,
By CAPT. JOHN GIBBON, U. S. A.
Half morocco, $5. Sent free by mail, on receipt of price.

RIFLES AND RIFLE PRATICE:
AN ELEMENTARY TREATISE UPON THE THEORY OF RIFLE-FIRING,
EXPLAINING
THE CAUSES OF INACCURACY OF FIRE, AND THE MANNER OF CORRECTING IT.
With Descriptions of the Infantry Rifles of Europe and the United States, their Balls and Cartridges.
Illustrated with Wood Cuts and Engravings.
BY C. M. WILCOX, U. S. A.
Cloth, $1 75. Sent free by mail on receipt of price.
D. VAN NOSTRAND, Publisher,
No. 192 BROADWAY, New York.
Dec. 9. 74-1tpd

LANDRETH'S SEEDS.
THE subscriber is now in receipt of a large and fresh supply of
GARDEN, FIELD AND FLOWER SEEDS,
comprising nearly every variety,—from the celebrated Gardens of Daniel Landreth & Son,—which he offers at wholesale or retail.
Landreth's RURAL REGISTER AND ALMANAC (1860) for gratuitous distribution.
JAS. N. SMITH, Druggist.
Dec'r 1, 1859 71tf

Trustee's Sale.
BY virtue of a Deed in Trust, executed to me by Jno. H. Cook, I will offer for sale on Tuesday, 17th Jan'y next, the following real and personal property, viz:—
House and Lot on Hay Street, West of the Wagon Yard; residence of J. H. Cook.
15 Acres of Land on Western Plank Road, on both sides of said Road, about 2 miles from town.
2-5ths interest in 25 Acres Land, near Mrs. Ochiltree's; west of the above tract.
2-5ths in 15 Acres Land, near the above.
House and Lot on the South side Mumford St., formerly John J. Phillips's.
½ interest in Pew No. 40, Presbyterian Church.
2229 Shares of Stock of Carolina City Land Co.
One Negro Woman and 2-5 interest in 6 Negroes
Terms at sale.
W. McL. McKAY, Trustee.
Dec 7, 1859 72-ts

For Rent!
THAT desirable Residence on Haymount, known as the property of Mrs. Sophia H. McLean, is now offered for rent. Possession given the 1st of January.
For terms apply to
THOMAS H. McLEAN.
Dec'r 7 73-3t

STRAYED.
A SMALL light-bay HORSE, with a blaze face, dark mane and tail. The finder will be liberally rewarded for delivering him to me at Fayetteville

Meeting in Smithfield.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Smithfield, Johnston County, was held on Friday last, at which a military Company was formed numbering about one hundred. Dr. Teltair was elected Captain, and Col. Morning, first Lieutenant—both old and highly respectable citizens. The most united and determined spirit was manifested to maintain the rights of North Carolina.

On Friday night a free negro named Boley Bass, was whipped at Smithfield for expressing abolition sentiments. He was whipped well, and then ordered to leave.—*Ral. Standard.*

Arrest in Orange.—A man, who says his name is John D. Williams, has been arrested and confined in Hillsborough jail, on a charge of tampering with slaves. He is about twenty-five years of age, and is travelling as a book agent. He was twice betrayed by slaves, to whom he communicated his sentiments. He was still in jail on the 3d. We would not be surprised to hear that he has been lynched. He no doubt will be, if he should not leave as soon as he is turned out of jail.—*Ib.*

Suspected Characters Discharged.—The Book Peddlers, arrested here two weeks ago, were brought into Court last week, before his Honor, Judge Heath, and after proper inquiry into their cases, were honorably discharged.

Salisbury Watchman.

Military Forming.—On every side we hear of military companies forming, and by the time the spirit has atttained its climax, Virginia will no doubt possess an army of at least fifty thousand volunteers.—*Norfolk Day Book.*

Run off.—A man by the name of M. B. Loeb, of Loeb & Hirst, dealers in liquors, etc., at Philadelphia, was run out of Warrenton, Fauquier county, Va., on Thursday night, for tampering with slaves. He started South.

Seditious Language.—James Johnson, an old man, has been called to account at Bristol, Tenn., for expressing improper sentiments.

Sickles in Congress.—Daniel E. Sickles, of New York, appeared in his seat in Congress on Monday. Mr. Sickles voted for Mr. Bocock.

Death of a Centenarian.—Mrs. Mary Dollar died in Chatham County, N. C., on the 13th inst., aged 104 years. She was the widow of a revolutionary soldier.

☞ The prospectus of *The New York Ledger*, the great family paper, will be found in another column. It is scarcely necessary to say that *The Ledger* is by far the most popular family paper in the country, having a circulation of over four hundred thousand copies. It is always characterized by a high moral tone, and, as will be seen by reference to its advertisement, employs more eminent contributors than any other paper in the world.

Dec'r 3. 72-1t

HAW RIVER ACADEMY.

THE undersigned has taken charge of a School near the town of Pittsboro', Chatham Co., N. C., presenting unusual advantages for the education of children of both sexes. It will be called for the present, Haw River Academy. The citizens of the neighborhood are taking hold of the enterprise with an earnestness which betokens good success. They will furnish board and comfortable rooms for $6 a month to as many as may desire to enter.

This is a highly agreeable and advancing neighborhood, and will be in every way pleasing to such as are really in pursuit of an education,—and no others are wanted.

The Tuition will be as follows:

For Primary English,	$7 50 per Session.
" Advanced Do.	10 00 "
" Classical Do.	15 00 "

The first term of 5 months will commence the 9th of January. For further information address the Principal, Pittsboro', Chatham Co., N. C.

JOHN R. HOLT, Principal.

Nov. 10, 1859. 70-6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ROBESON COUNTY.

Hector McLean vs. Daniel S. Morrison and wife Susannah, Effie McLean, Catharine McLean, Margaret J. F. McLean, Mary C. McLean, Daniel B. McLean, Sarah A. McLean, Hugh A. McLean, Neill McLean, Neill McPhaul and wife Margaret, and the children and next of kin of John McLean, and the children and next of kin of Mary Johnson, whose names are unknown.

Attachment in Equity against said Neill McPhaul.

IT appearing to my satisfaction that said Hugh A. McLean, Neill McLean, Neill McPhaul and wife Margaret, and the children and next of kin of John McLean, and the children and next of kin of Mary Johnson, whose names are unknown, are non-residents of this State, they are hereby notified to appear at the next term of the Court of Equity, to be held for the County of Robeson aforesaid, at the Court House in Lumberton, on the 4th Monday in March next, 1860, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, or the same will be heard ex parte as to them and a decree be rendered pro confesso.

R. S. FRENCH, C. & M. E.

Dec'r 2. 72*6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Oct'r Term 1859.

James C. Clark vs. Daniel P. Clark, Archibald C. Clark, Calvin Buie and wife Ellen Buie.

Petition for Dower.

IN this case, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Archibald C. Clark, one of the defendants in this case, is not an inhabitant of this State, It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in Fayetteville Observer, a newspaper published in said town of Fayetteville, for six successive weeks, notifying the said defendant to be and appear before the justices of our said court, to be held for the county of Montgomery, at the Court House in the town of Troy, on the first Monday in January next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, or the same will be held pro confesso as to him.

Witness, John McLennan, Clerk of our said court, at office, this the first Monday of October A. D. 1859.

68-6t*] JOHN McLENNAN, C. C. C.

Montgomery Superior Court of Law.

FALL TERM, 1859.

E. G. L. Barringer vs. John T. Andrews.

Original Attachment.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant, John T. Andrews, is not an inhabitant of this State. It is ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Fayetteville Observer for six weeks, for the said Jno. T. Andrews to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the County of Montgomery, at the Court House in Troy, on the last Monday in February 1860, and answer, replevy or plead to the same, otherwise judgment pro confesso will be taken against him.

Witness, James B. Ballard, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the last Monday in August A. D. 1859, and in the 84th year of American Independence.

This, 25th day of October 1859.

64*6t] JAMES B. BALLARD, C. S. C.

Public Notice

IS hereby given, that at the expiration of three months from the date hereof, application will be made to the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Cape Fear, for new Certificates for two shares of the stock of said Bank, standing in the name of Donald McInnish, in lieu of the originals, dated 3d Aug. 1857, and numbered 973 and 974.

JOHN McRAE,
Ex'r of Duncan McRae,
who was Ex'r of Donald McInnish.

Fayetteville, Sept 15 50*3m

AGENT WANTED,

TO Solicit Orders for our $15, $20, and $25 Patent Sewing Machines. Salary $40 per month, with expenses paid. It is a practical machine for every family; so simple in its construction that a child can learn to run it, and half an hour's experience will enable a lady to operate with it well. Warranted equal to any high priced machines. Address

I. HALE Jr. & CO.,
Newburyport, Mass.

Nov. 19 68*9t

WM. McL. McKAY,

Attorney at Law,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

WILL attend the County and Superior Courts of Cumberland, Harnett, Moore and Robeson Counties. Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims entrusted to his hands.

Oct. 17, 1859. 58-tf

H. W. HORNE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

MAY be found at the Office of Wm. B. Wright, Esq., near the Court House.

June 30, 1859. 28-1Y

JOSEPH BAKER, Jr.,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS taken an office next door to Wm. B. Wright's Law Office on Green Street. He will attend and practice in the County and Superior Courts of Cumberland, Bladen, Robeson and Sampson.

March 23, 1859. 79tf

RORY McNAIR,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

LUMBERTON, N. C.

WILL attend and practice in the County and Superior Courts of Robeson, Richmond and Cumberland. All business intrusted to him will receive prompt attention and collections punctually remitted.

Oct. 6, 1859. 55tf

JOHN P. FULLER,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

WILL PRACTICE IN THE COURTS OF

Robeson, Cumberland, Columbus and Bladen.

Office at Lumberton, Robeson Co., N. C.

July 5, 1859 29tf

P. J. SINCLAIR,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

WILL practice in the Courts of Robeson, Cumberland, Harnett and Richmond ☞ Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to him.

Feb'y 5, 1859 86-

WORTH & UTLEY,

Forwarding and General Commission Merchants,

Fayetteville, N. C.

J. A. WORTH. (72tf) JOS. UTLEY.

R. M. ORRELL,

TURPENTINE INSPECTOR.

THOSE sending their Spirits Turpentine to me may rely upon it to have prompt and careful attention. My warehouses are fronting the wharves and near the river.

Sept'r 13, 1858. 45tf

OWEN & YARBROUGH.

HAVE this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of transacting the

Commission and Forwarding Business,

in all its branches, in Wilmington, and will give prompt personal attention to all business entrusted to their care. Liberal cash advances will be made on Consignments of Country Produce.

☞ Office on North Water St., over H. Vonglahan's Store.

JOHN W. OWEN.
O. S. YARBROUGH.

Wilmington, Oct 20, 1855 64-

Wm. H. TURLINGTON,

Commission Merchant,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WILL give special attention to the sale or shipment of all Naval Stores, Cotton, Flour, Timber, and other country produce.

Refers to: H. R. Savage, Cashier Bank of Cape Fear, Wilmington: Jno. Dawson, Pres't Wilmington Branch Bank of North Carolina; W. H. Jones, Cashier Raleigh Branch Bank of Cape Fear.

Nov 9, 1859 65-tf

GEO. HARRISS. W. W. HARRISS. A. J. HOWELL.

HARRISS & HOWELL,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Oct. 17, 1859. 58-1Ypd

ROBERT H. COWAN,

General Commission Merchant,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Office South Corner Market and Water streets, up-stairs.

Oct. 13, 1859. 57-1Y

T. C. & B. G. WORTH,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Jan'y 28, 1859 84tf

W. H. ALLEN.] [J. M. CLARK.

ALLEN & CLARK,

Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT, HAIR, &c.

☞ Agents for Rush & Orrell's Line of Steamers.

PROMPT personal attention given to consignments o Naval Stores, Cotton or other Country Produce, for sale or shipment.

Jan'y 19, 1859. 81-

H. GRAHAM,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WILL give prompt and personal attention to all consignments of Spirits Turpentine, Rosin, Tar and Turpentine, and all country produce for sale.

☞ Office up stairs, over the store of Mr. Vonglahn, and joining Lutterloh's Wharf, North Water street.

June 23. 25tf

JOSEPH R. BLOSSOM.

COMMISSION AND Forwarding Merchant,

Wilmington, N. C.

☞ Prompt personal attention given to all Consignments, and Cash advances made on Produce to be shipped to other ports or sold in this market.

Feb. 12, 1855. 67tf

JAS. C. SMITH.] [MILES COSTIN

JAS. C. SMITH & CO.,

Factors, Commission and Forwarding Merchants.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

PROMPT attention given to sale of TIMBER, LUMBER, NAVAL STORES and all kinds of Produce. Liberal advancements made on Consignments.

Refer to E. P. HALL, Pres't Branch Bank of State. H. R. SAVAGE, Cash'r Bank Cape Fear. JOHN DAWSON, Esq.

July 20, 1859 33-6mos

BOOK-BINDING

IN all its kinds, executed with neatness and despatch, Small jobs when done must be paid before delivered.

THOS. H. TILLINGHAST.

Opposite the Female High School, Hay Street.

May 14, 1859. 14-1y

Montgomery Superior Court of Law.

FALL TERM, 1859.

Samuel H. Christian vs. John T. Andrews.

Original Attachment.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant, Jno. T. Andrews, is not an inhabitant of this State, It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Fayetteville Observer, for six weeks, for the said Jno. T. Andrews to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the County of Montgomery at the Court House in Troy, on the last Monday in February 1860, and answer, replevy or plead to the same, otherwise judgment pro confesso will be taken against him.

Witness, James B. Ballard, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the last Monday in August A. D. 1859, and in the 84th year of American Independence.

Issued the 25th day of October 1859.

64*6t] JAMES B. BALLARD, C. S. C.

RALEIGH FEMALE SEMINARY.

Raleigh, N. C.

THE SPRING TERM OF 1860, WILL BEGIN THE SECOND THURSDAY IN JANUARY, and continue 21 weeks.

FACULTY.

T. H. BRAME, A. M., President and Prof. of Latin, Mathematics and Experimental Science.
REV. R. T. HEFLIN, Prof. of Moral Philosophy.
MISS A. J. SEARLE, Teacher of French, German and Oil Painting.
MISS S. E. COOK, Teacher of Music, Grecian and Oriental Painting, Painting in Water-colors, Drawing, Leather-work, &c.
MISS ———, Teacher of Music and English.
MRS. M. A. BRAME, Matron.

EXPENSES PER 21 WEEKS.

English Branches,	$15,00
Latin, Greek, French and German, each,	10,00
Music, with use of Instrument,	22,00
Grecian and Oriental Painting, Painting in Water-colors, Drawing, each,	10,00
Oil Painting,	15,00
Embroidery, Wax-fruit, Leather-work, each,	5,00
Lectures and use of Apparatus,	1,50
Contingent Expenses,	1,00
Board, including servants' attention and fuel,	50,00

Washing and lights, from $1,50 to $2 per month.

Pupils received at any time, and charged from time of entrance till end of term. Deductions made only for protracted sickness.

☞ All bills payable half at the beginning and half at the end of term.

Persons desiring further information will please apply to T. H. Brame, or Rev. R. T. Heflin.

M. A. BLEDSOE, Pres't.
Board Trustees.

A. M. GORMAN, Sec'y.
Nov. 18. 69-3m

LAURINBURGH HIGH SCHOOL.

THE 14th Session of this Institution will open on the 12th of JULY 1859, under the charge of DAN'L. STEWART, Jr., A. B., as Principal.

Board can be had either at the Steward's Hall or in the neighborhood at $8 per month, exclusive of lights and washing.

For further information apply to the undersigned at Laurinburgh, N. C.

R. D. DICKSON, Sec'y.

Laurinburgh, June 18. 25-tf

HO! EVERY ONE WHO IS HUNGRY!

Come to Overbaugh's and Eat.

THE subscriber would inform the inhabitants of Fayetteville, and the traveling public in general, that he has returned from New York, and is at his old stand on Bow Street, and has rented the adjoining house and fitted it up in a neat and convenient manner for a gentleman's Dining and Oyster Saloon, where he will be prepared to give all who will favor him with a call, a good warm meal at all hours for 40 cents, or on the European plan, as will best suit his guests; and where will be found good Oysters in every style. He would refer to his former reputation as regards keeping a house of the kind.

BILL OF FARE:

Fried Sausage,	40 cts.	Fried Tripe,	40 cts.
Beef Steak,	25 "	Boiled Ham,	25 "
Pork do.,	25 "	Broiled Chicken,	40 "
Ham and Eggs,	40 "	Roast Beef,	25 "
Mutton Chops,	25 "	Roast Pork,	25 "
Veal Cutlets,	25 "	Oysters stewed,	25 "
Fish Balls,	25 "	Oysters fried,	40 "
Opossum,	40 "	Oysters raw,	25 "
Fresh Fish,	25 "	Oysters scolloped,	40 "
Green Tea,	5 "	Black Tea,	5 "
Coffee,			5 "

☞ Families supplied with Oysters by the quart or gallon.

G. OVERBAUGH.

Oct 31 62-3m

SPECIAL COURT.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, CUMBERLAND CO.

Superior Court of Law, Fall Term A. D. 1859

Present, The Hon. DAVID F. CALDWELL, Judge Presiding.

IT is ordered by the Court that a Special Term of the Superior Court of Law and Equity for the County and State aforesaid, is to be held at the Court House in the town of Fayetteville, on the fifth Monday in January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty. Jurors, Suitors and Witnesses in Civil Causes are hereby notified to be in attendance.

Witness, John W. Baker, Jr., Clerk of our said Court, at Office in Fayetteville, the seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in September, A. D. 1859.

From the Minutes.

JOHN W. BAKER, Jr., Clerk.

Nov 21 68tC

BLOOD FOOD

Dr. Bronson having been so far reduced by consumption, as to be considered beyond all hope of recovery by the most eminent of the medical profession, and also by himself—a regular physician of twenty years practice—as a last resort, conceived the idea of ANALYZING THE BLOOD, and applying the subject of physiology to the more immediate connection, and effect of the state of the blood upon the health and system. The result has been the production of this 'BLOOD FOOD,' from the use of which Dr. Bronson was restored to perfect health. Within six months after its introduction, over two thousand consumptives were effectually cured by it. If you have any complaints of a consumptive tendency, Cough, Cold, Head-ache, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Appetite or Pain in the Side, lose no time in procuring a bottle of the "BLOOD FOOD." If you are suffering from Nervous Debility, or your sleep is broken and disturbed, if your Spirits are Depressed, or your Organs Relaxed, you will find in this an unfailing remedy, by commencing with ten drops. If your Liver is torpid or diseased in any manner whatever, one or two bottles will be sure to invigorate, and bring it into lively and healthy action. In the most inveterate cases of Dyspepsia, the patient can here find the most efficient and grateful relief. A benefit is always experienced after taking only one bottle. In Male or Female Complaints and Weaknesses, the sufferer, after trying other remedies in vain, may rest assured, that a certain cure will result from the use of two or three bottles. The "BLOOD FOOD" is effectual in all cases of Eruptions, Salt Rheum, Scrofula and other like complaints. Pale and emaciated children and adults are immediately benefitted by its use. It gives strength to the body, and color and beauty to the skin. Physicians of all schools are using it with wonderful success.

For full directions, see circulars. Price $1 per bottle.

MOTHERS

Sold by CHURCH & DUPONT, Druggists, No. 36 Maiden Lane, New York,

And by all respectable Druggists throughout the country.

Nov 11, 1859 66-1y

FOR SALE.

400 CASKS fresh Lime;
150 " " Cement;
400 Sacks Salt;
300 " Corn;
40 Bbls. New Jersey Whiskey.

T. S. LUTTERLOH.

Nov 28 70-3w

NEW BOOKS.

A VARIETY of School Books, &c., just received.

E. J. HALE & SON.

Nov. 21

IMPORTATIONS

FOR THE FALL OF 1859.

THE subscribers have received most of their purchases for the approaching Fall Trade, embracing a large and general assortment of

Groceries, Hollow-Ware,

By the Ton or less;

Sole Leather, Calf Skins, Shoe Findings,

With articles generally wanted for manufacture of Shoes:

SADDLERY.

In great variety, and SADDLERY HARD-WARE. They have also added largely by Direct Importation from the Manufacturers in Europe to their

HARD-WARE & CUTLERY

Department, by which they are enabled to save to their customers the Northern Jobbers' Profits, and they are disposed to sell at a small advance on cost on their usual terms. They solicit an examination of their goods by the Trade generally.

In addition to the above variety of Goods, which in the aggregate constitute one of the largest if not

The Largest Stock to be Found in North Carolina,

the undersigned are Sole Agents in this place for Mess. Wm. Carter & Son, of Chatham Co., for the sale of their

SUPERIOR BROGANS.

Messrs. C. & Son are manufacturing Shoes from Leather tanned by themselves—except the outer sole; they have all the recent improvements in machinery, and are making

A Shoe That Planters Will Find Superior

in every respect to any ever offered for sale in this section, and at a reasonable price. Call and see!!

GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO

August 8, 1859 38-

D. & W. McLAURIN,

WOULD invite attention to their large and desirable Stock of

GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of—

150 Bags Rio, Laguira and Java Coffee;
100 Bbls. and Hhds. Sugar (assorted;)
25 Hhds. Molasses;
30 " Bacon—Sides and Shoulders;
500 Sacks Salt;
150 Boxes good Tobacco;
125 " Sperm, Adamantine & Tallow Candles;
50 " Soap (assorted;)
50 " Candy "
100 Bags Shot "
1000 lbs. Bar Lead;
30 ½ Bbls. Snuff—Eagle Mills;
25 Kegs Soda;
250 " Nails.

—ALSO—

A large and general assortment of

Hardware and Cutlery;

Farming Utensils, of all descriptions;
American, English, Swedes and Peruvian Iron;
Blister, German and Cast Steel;
Blacksmiths' Tools;
Coopers' Do.;
Corn Shellers and Straw Cutters;
Buckets, Brooms and Pails;
Cotton, Manilla and Jute Rope, (all kinds and quality;)
Plow Lines and Bed Cords;
Hollow Ware;
Cotton Yarns and Sheetings at factory prices.

All of which will be sold LOW FOR CASH, or on usual time to prompt paying customers.

☞ COUNTRY MERCHANTS are respectfully requested to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

D. & W. McLAURIN.

March 3, 1859 93tf

To Farmers and Planters of N. Carolina!

Particularly Those Who Trade at Fayetteville.

ALL know the want and feel the necessity of having a reliable, home-made Fertilizer, carefully prepared and sold at moderate cost, whose vitality to Plant and durability in Soil, should make it a fit substitute for the expensive Guanos.

This desideratum is now attained, in the "NATIONAL FERTILIZER," discovered and patented by Dr. Louis Harper, lately State Chemist and Geologist of Mississippi.

The "National Fertilizer" is made of all the rich and vigorous elements necessary to the composition of a Manure. Its virtues being derived from Dissolved Bone Dust, Marine Fish, King Crabs, &c., Potash, Soda, mixed Phosphates, with Carb. and Sulph. Lime, Soluble Silica, &c.

The "National Fertilizer is put up in strong bags of 200 lbs. each, stamped with Company's mark, sold here at $1 75 per 100,—or at the Company's Office in New York at $1 50 per 100 lbs.

The undersigned, the sole Agent for this part of the State of North Carolina, has a small supply on hand, and at short notice, will be pleased to furnish to those who may wish to try it, any required quantity.

BEVERLY ROSE.

Fayetteville, N. C., Nov. 21 69-3m

GROCERIES AT WHOLESALE.

I AM now receiving my Stock of Groceries for the Fall Trade, consisting in part as follows,—

115 Bags Coffee;
50 Bbls. Coffee Sugar;
20 Hhds. Molasses;
50 Boxes Tobacco—factory prices;
75 " Adamantine Candles;
30 ½ Bbls: Snuff—Eagle Mills;
50 Boxes Candy;
20000 Lbs. Iron—assorted;
50 boxes No. 1 Soap;
25 M Cigars;
502 Bags Corn;
75 Bales Eastern Hay;
15 Firkins Butter;
20 Bbls. Leaf Lard;
35 ½ Bbls. No. 1 Mackerel;
500 Lbs. Cod Fish, &c., &c.

E. F. MOORE.

Sept 12, 1859 48-

W. C. TROY

HAS just received this morning, from Steamer North Carolina,

6 bbls. No. 1 Mackerel, new.
10 " " 3 " "
20 ½ and ¼ bbls. No. 1 do.
25 boxes Cheese.
5 kegs selected Goshen Butter.
10 bbls. Leaf Lard.
15 " New Mullets in oak and pine bbls.

He has on hand a general assortment of

GROCERIES,

which will be sold cheap for Cash or exchanged for Country Produce.

Oct. 6, 1859. 55tf

The Subscribers,

In addition to their former Stock, have just rec'd—

300 SACKS SALT,
50 bbls Mullets, in oak and pine barrels,
10 firkins Goshen Butter,
10 hhds new crop Molasses,
English Dairy and New York State Cheese.

PEMBERTON & SLOAN.

Oct'r 31, 1859. 62t1Jy

Just Received,

A large lot NEGRO SHOES and KERSEYS, OSNABURGS, FACTORY SHEETINGS and YARNS,—at Factory Prices.

PEMBERTON & SLOAN.

Oct'r 31, 1859 62t1Jy

Whiskey and Brandy.

110 BBLS. Pure Corn Whiskey;
25 " Apple Brandy;
20 " N. E. Rum:
20 " American Brandy;
15 " Old Rye Whiskey.

For sale by E. F. MOORE.

Sept 12 48-

To Rail Road Contractors!

—JUST RECEIVED—

100 WHEELBARROWS,

light and strong, for the Rail Road. For sale by

D. & W. McLAURIN.

March 29, 1859. 800tf

Webster's Elementary Spelling Book, for sale by

E. J. HALE & SON.

JEFFRIES CREEK ACADEMY.

MARION DISTRICT, S. C.

A NEW Institution is open for a competent Teacher in English and Classical Studies, and will go into operation 16th January, 1860. It is situated 5 miles South of Mars Bluff, on W. & M. R. Road, healthy location, convenient to churches, surrounded with intelligent and moral families: a new and commodious house with good water. The School will be limited to 30 scholars. Salary of $700 is offered, and if entire satisfaction is given, $800 at the end of the year. The Trustees will receive applications until Friday the 30th day of December, at which time an election will take place. Address

HECTOR CAMERON, P. M.,
Jeffries Creek, S. C.

Nov 22 70*4t

Hillsboro' Military Academy.

THIS Institution is under the conduct of Col. C. C. TEW, late Superintendent of the State Military Academy at Columbia, S. C. The staff of instruction for 1860 will comprise six officers. For a Circular, address the Superintendent.

Nov 21 68-4tsw4t*

SALE OF LAND.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Court of Equity for Richmond County, made at Fall Term, 1859, on the Petition of W. McL. McQueen, by his Guardian James S. McQueen, *Et Parte*, I shall sell to the highest bidder, at the late residence of Rev. Arch'd. McQueen, deceased, on Saturday the 17th day of December next, SIX HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND; said land adjoins the lands of Dr. John Malloy and others, and is well adapted to the growth of cotton and corn.

Terms of sale, Two Hundred Dollars cash, the balance with a credit of one and two years, the purchaser giving bond and approved security.

JOHN D. SHAW, C. & M. E.

Nov. 26. 72*2t

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having at November Term, 1859, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Robeson County, obtained an order for that purpose, will proceed on Monday the 2d day of January, A. D., 1860, at the Court House door in the town of Lumberton, to sell at Public Auction, SEVEN LIKELY NEGROES belonging to the estate of Joseph Smith, dec'd. A credit of Six Months will be given, and bond and good security required.

J. R. CARTER, Adm'r.

Dec'r 1 72*-4s

T. M. SMITH JOHN MCLAURIN.

SMITH & McLAURIN,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton, Naval Stores, Flour and Country Produce generally, for sale or shipment, will receive prompt and personal attention.

Refer to: JOHN DAWSON, Esq., Mayor; E. P. HALL, Esq., President Branch Bank, State N. C.

Nov 7, 1859. 64*1y

W. S. NORMENT,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Lumberton, N. C.

WILL attend the County and Superior Courts of Robeson, Cumberland, Bladen and Columbus. All business intrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. Office in the Court House.

June 27, 1859. 28-*1y

JARVIS & BAKER'S

ISLAND GUANO,

FROM THE SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN,

IMPORTED BY THE

AMERICAN GUANO COMPANY, New York.

THIS Guano is far superior to any other fertilizer known, and of permanent value to the soil, is sold at thirty per cent. less than Peruvian Guano. Its peculiar NATURAL combination of the Phosphates and Sulphates of Lime, enable it to RESTORE to the soil the lost properties by constant cropping, and the Planter will be enabled not merely to reap from its use a present crop, but find his land at the end of the season, healthier and stronger, requiring a less amount of Guano for the next planting.

This Guano feeds but does not STIMULATE to excess the roots of plants, and they are thereby enabled to withstand the effects of drought to a greater degree than by the use of any other fertilizer known.

For full information and reports of successful experiments with this Guano, apply to

DeROSSET, BROWN & CO., Wilmington.
Agents for the State of North Carolina.
WORTH & UTLEY,
Agents at Fayetteville.

Nov. 10, 1859 65-3mpd

An Agency for the Sale of WM. KNABE & CO'S CELEBRATED PIANOS,

ESTABLISHED IN WILMINGTON, N. C.

HAVING secured the Agency for the sale of the above unrivalled instruments, we invite the attention of all who may want a FIRST CLASS PIANO (and no other is worth buying) to the fact, and respectfully solicit the most intelligent and critical examination of the instruments now on exhibition. These Pianos have secured more Premiums than any other manufacture. They are fully endorsed by such names in the musical world as Thalberg, Strakosh, Satter, Vieuxtempts, beside the most distinguished Professors and Amateurs in the country.

There are hundreds of families in North Carolina where these Pianos are used. We name a few out of Wilmington: Hon. L. O'B. Branch, S. W. Cole, Esq., Gen. G. M. Leach, Carolina Female College, Salem Academy, Rev. R. Burwell, Hillsboro', Rev. T. Campbell, Salisbury, &c.

In Wilmington we refer to the following gentlemen who have Knabe's Pianos in use: Geo. Myers, Esq., F. D. Poisson, Esq., Griffith J. McRee, Esq., and others. We deliver these Pianos in Wilmington at the published rates of the Manufacturers. Every instrument has the full iron frame, and is fully warranted.

One thing we wish distinctly understood, ☞ They have never failed to secure the HIGHEST PREMIUMS, whenever brought in competition with others!

Pianos now in store, just received, and can be delivered immediately, by GEO. H. KELLEY,

Agent for Wm. Knabe & Co.

July 23, 1859. 34*1y

SPRING GOODS

AT FLORAL COLLEGE, N. C.

E. LILLY

—Is now receiving his stock of—

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

for the Spring Trade, which have been selected with great care, having taken sufficient time he thinks to make good selections and buy cheap. Being willing to give his customers the advantage of his labor, he would call their attention to his unusually large stock, consisting in part of—

8000 Yds. Fancy Prints—fast colors;
7000 " Bro. Sheetings and Shirtings;
2000 " Osnaburgs and Drillings;
30 Pieces Blue Denims,—excellent for servants;
1200 Prs. Boots and Shoes, assorted;
75 Doz. Hats, assorted,—to which especial attention is called, having bought them extremely low.

A complete assortment of Linen and Cotton Goods for Pants.

A large lot of Ready-made Clothing—Coats from 75 cts. to $25 00, Pants from $1 00 to $10 00, Vests from 75 cts. to $9 00.

A large assortment of Bonnets and Flats for Ladies and Misses;

Real French Flowers, a beautiful lot, which the ladies are requested particularly to examine, having purchased them from the importer at very low prices.

His stock of Ladies Dress Goods embraces all the latest styles in Organdies, Berages and Tissues, together with low-priced American Lawns, from 9 cts. up.

Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, Ribbons, Laces, Embroidery, Perfumery, Buttons, Combs, Brushes, Scissors, Work Baskets, Soaps, Inks, &c., in fact any thing that is kept in a Fancy Dry Goods Establishment can be found in his stock.

He would call the attention of the Ladies to a nice assortment of Berage Shawls—new style, together with a lot of Lace Points, entirely new.

March 28, 1859 2*tf

A CARD.

GEO. W. SPERLING, Produce Dealer,

HAY STREET,

Fayetteville, No. Ca.

SPIRITS Turpentine, Cotton, Flour, Back-Country Liquors, Dried Fruit, Flaxseed, Beeswax, Tobacco, &c., &c., purchased at HIGH PRICES.

☞ Consignments Solicited.

GEO. W. SPERLING.

Oct'r 11, 1859 57tf

WHISKEY,

Brandy and Wine!

180 BBLS. pure Wyandotte Corn Ohio Whiskey;
24 " old Rye Monongahela Excelsior do.
Dew-Drop, Honey-Suckle, Long City and other brands;
12 Bbls. Back Country Apple Brandy;
15 " " Corn and Rye Whiskey;
10 " pure French Cognac Brandy;
15 " New England Rum (Rock Spring);
10 " Sweet Malaga Wine;
5 " Pure Spirit for wine mixing;
5 " Holland Gin;
5 Cases Schiedam Schnapps;
5 " Stomac Bitters;

☞ The whole warranted PURE—not adulterated—and will be sold at the lowest prices.

G. W. SPERLING.

Oct 31 62tf

KNIVES.

200 DOZEN Pocket and Table Cutlery—Geo. Wostenholm's, Rogers' and other celebrated manufacturers. For sale cheap.

GEO. W. SPERLING.

CANDLES.

20 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES for sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

SUNDRIES.

STOCK and Pad Locks; Hinges and Screws; Fire Irons; Pots; Bake Ovens; Skillets; Spiders; Sad Irons; Drawing Knives; Saws; Files; Well Buckets and Well Wheels; Horse and Mule Shoes and Nails; Dippers; Measures; Sifters; Frying Pans; Blacking; Curry Combs; Shoe Brushes; Brooms; Twine; Shoe Thread; Cotton and Wool Cards; Coffee Mills; Looking-Glasses; Curry Powder and Shot; Grubbing and Weeding Hoes; Rivets. For sale. G. W. SPERLING.

Hats, Caps and Umbrellas.

A LARGE assortment of Hats, Caps and Umbrellas for sale cheap. G. W. SPERLING.

LEATHER.

100 SIDES Oak Tan'd Spanish Sole Leather, for sale. G. W. SPERLING.

SCOTCH WHISKEY.

HALF Pipe pure ISLEY WHISKEY, for sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

Iron and Steel.

A LARGE STOCK of different sizes and qualities, for sale. G. W. SPERLING.

SADDLERY.

50 DIFFERENT kinds of Saddles;
20 doz. Collars;
8 " Whips;
6 " Bridles;
4 " Saddle Bags;
Martingales, Bridle-Bits, Stirrup-Irons, &c., &c. For sale. G. W. SPERLING.

COFFEE.

50 SACKS RIO COFFEE, a choice quality, for sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

Guns and Revolvers.

40 GUNS.—Single and Double Barrel.—varying in price from $6 to $125, each. For sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

CANDY.

20 BOXES Candy for sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

SOAP! SOAP!

60 BOXES Soap, No. 1 Extra, Chas. Colgate's Superior, and other brands, for sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

Mullets! Mullets!!

50 BBLS. new Mullets, in Oak and Pine Barrels, for sale. G. W. SPERLING.

NAILS.

200 KEGS, of choice brands, for sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

BLANKETS.

300 PAIRS Blankets of various qualities, at from 75 cts. to $6.00 per pair. For sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

SEGARS.

200,000 SEGARS of different qualities, from 40 c. to $8 per Box. For sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

Kerseys and Linseys.

A LARGE stock of Kerseys and Linseys on hand and for sale cheap. G. W. SPERLING.

Bagging and Rope.

12000 YARDS heavy Gunny Bagging;
2000 Lbs. Rope.
For sale. G. W. SPERLING.

Spades and Shovels.

20 DOZEN Spades and Shovels; Ames', Carr's, Adams', Thomas' and others make. For sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

Axes! Axes!!

20 BOXES S. W. Collins' Turpentine and Club Axes. Also, HATCHETS. For sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

Trace Chains.

200 PAIRS Trace Chains, from 33 cts. to 1 25 per pair. For sale. G. W. SPERLING.

MATCHES.

200 GROSS Matches for sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

Manilla Rope.

18 COILS Manilla Rope of different sizes; Bed Cords, Plow Lines, and large Cotton Rope. For sale.

G. W. SPERLING.

BUTTER.

25 KEGS fresh Alleghany Mountain and Goshen Butter. For sale. G. W. SPERLING.

SNUFF.

20 HALF Bbls. Eagle Mills Snuff.

G. W. SPERLING.

Wholesale and Retail.

BOOTS & SHOES.

40 CASES Brogan, Kip, Welt Calf, Enameled, Gaiter, Women', Misses' and Children's SHOES.

Also, Patent brass-tip Enameled Leather Shoes, for Misses and Children.

12 cases BOOTS of various kinds.

Just received and for sale at the usual low prices.

GEO. W. SPERLING.

Hay St., opposite D. & W. McLaurin.

Nov'r 12, 1859 66*tf

FALL STOCK—1859.

GOLDSTON & FULLER

ARE now receiving direct from New York a large and desirable Stock for the ensuing Fall and Winter Trade,—consisting of

Groceries, Hardware & Hollow-ware, Saddlery, Boots & Shoes. Cotton Bagging and Rope.

Many other goods, not necessary to mention. All of which will be sold on very reasonable terms, either for cash or to prompt paying customers on usual time.

G. W. I. GOLDSTON. A. W. FULLER.

☞ Hay Street, Next Door to H. & E. J. Lilly.

Aug. 24, 1859 48-1m*3m